



California 2018 Primary Election Analysis
Congressional Districts
39th, 45th, 48th, and 49th.

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Introduction

This report looks at the 2018 upcoming California general election featuring the 39th, 45th, 48th, and 49th congressional districts.

California held its gubernatorial statewide election, in June 5, 2018, where congressional candidates competed to be one of the top-two nominee's, in each district, to advance onto the general election.

This analysis will show a comparison of current partisan voter registration (2018) by demographic groups and similarly do a comparison of the projected current voter turnout projection based on recent past historical voting of the primary election returns. This report will focus on four congressional districts in Southern California.

Source: California SOS, 8/24/2018

The congressional districts are indexed by number and incumbent in each district. The analysis provides a demographic profile that includes the voter's, political party, year voter registered to vote, voting method, age group, and Hispanic voters in district. To identify the Source: Hispanic voters, the U.S. Census Bureau list of Hispanic names.

California Republican Congressional Delegation

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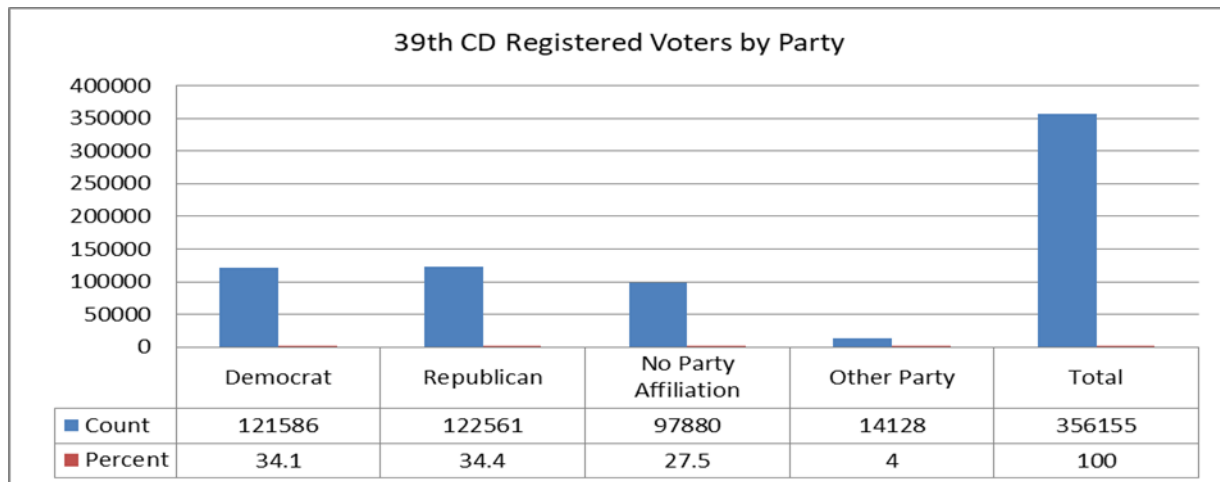
39th Congressional District

Republican Young Kim and Democrat Gil Cisneros are vying to represent the district, vacated by Ed Royce, who chose not to run for reelection.

In the primary, Young Kim won first place with 21.2%, and Gil Cisneros won second place with 19.4% of the vote, from a field of twelve.

The Republican Party in the 39th congressional district is a majority party by a slim 0.3%. This means that turnout, of the Republicans, Democrats, NPA's, and other parties will determine the winner of the general election.

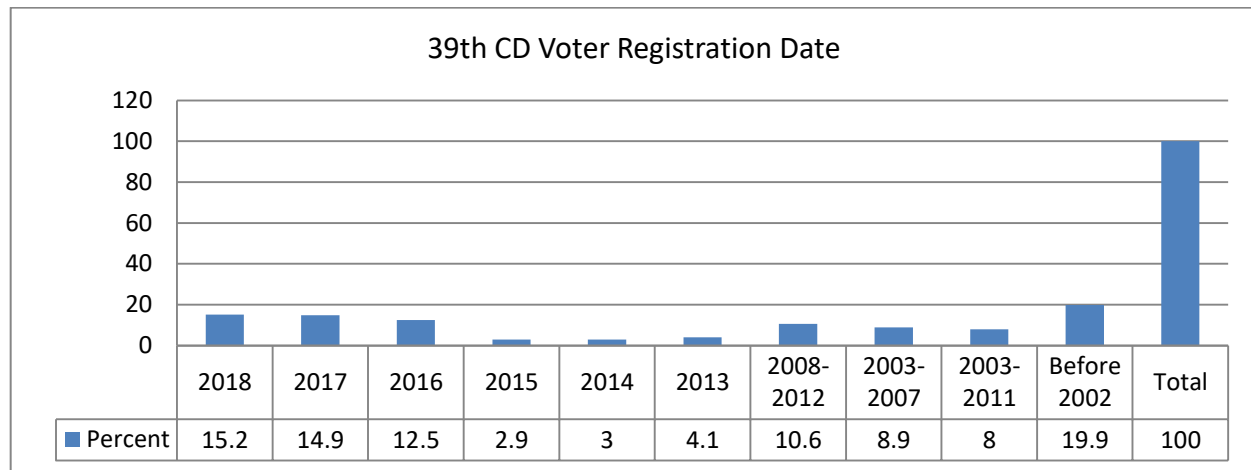
The mean (average) age of the district voter is 49.46 the median (middle value) age is 50.



Source: California SOS, 8/24/2018

39th Congressional District

The district also showed a voter registration increase of 42.6%, according to the voter file, during the three year period of 2018, 2017, and 2016.



The 39th Congressional District has a total of 356,155 registered voters, of those the total turnout was 146,739 (41.2%) of voters, and 209,416 (58.8%) who did not vote.

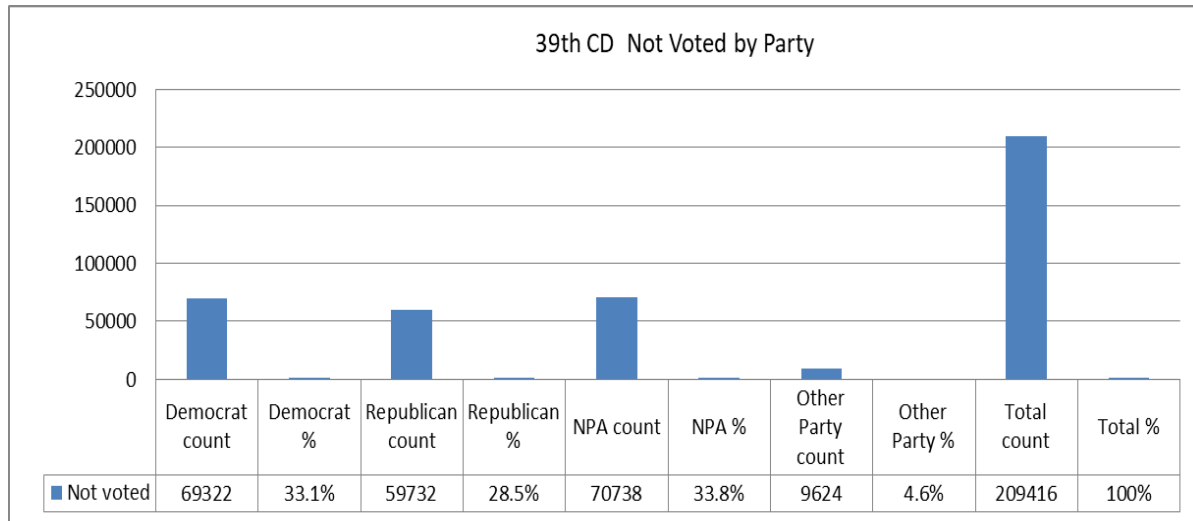
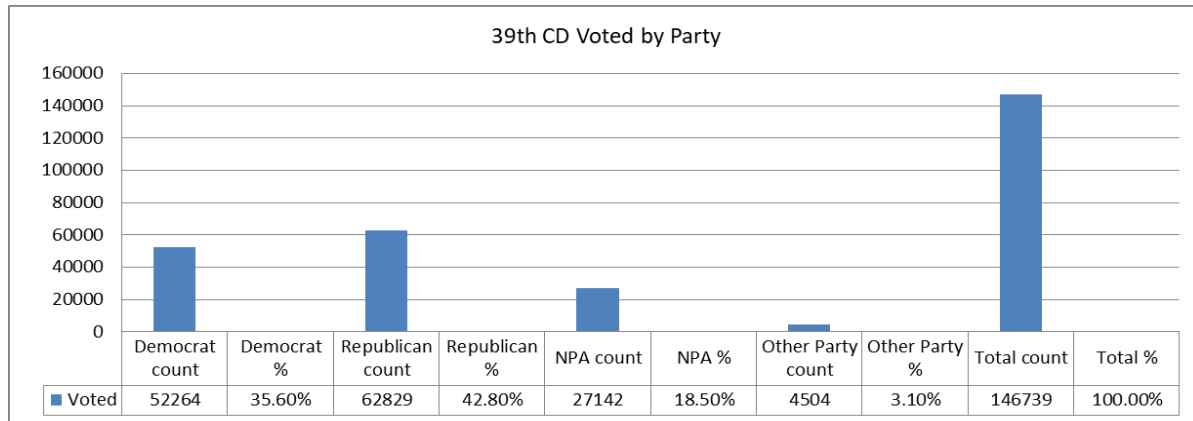
The method of voting for the district in the primary consisted of 452 (0.1%) voting early, 56,756 (15.9%), voting at the precinct, and the preferred method of voting by all groups is by mail, 89,450 (25.1). Not to be dismissed is the fact that still 58.8% did not vote at all.

Turnout Voting Method		
Method	Count	Percent
Other	81	0
Early voting	452	0.1
Poll Precinct	56,756	15.9
Vote by mail	89,450	25.1
Voting total	146,739	41.1
Not voting total	209,416	58.8
Total	356,155	100

39th Congressional District

District turnout by party

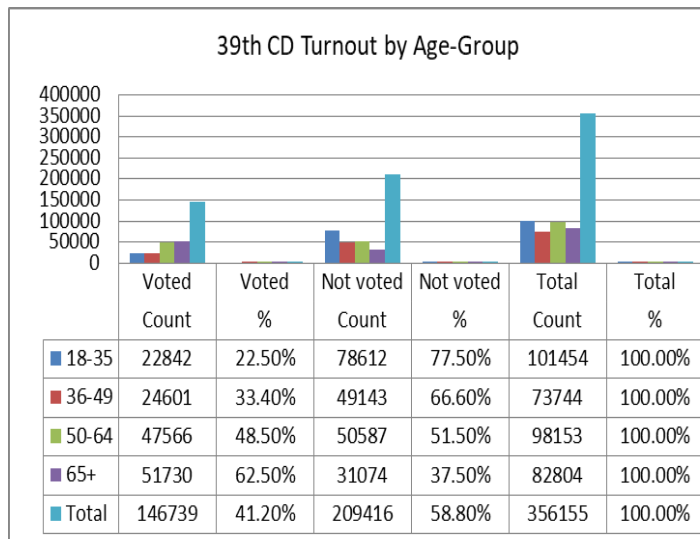
Of the total 146,739 that voted, the Republicans turnout was 62,829, the Democrats were second with 52,264, the NPA's came in third with 27,142, and all the other parties had a total of 4,504,



39th Congressional District

District turnout by Age-Group

The turnout category by age-group shows the vast differences in age-group participation. For example, the total count of voters by age-group is selected so that they are proportionally equal in number for each group. For example, The total count for the 18-35 group is 101,454,(28.4%), the 36-49 group is 73,744, (20.7%), the 50-64 group is 98,153,(27.5%), and the over 65 group is 82,804,(23.2%). So overall the groups are relatively close to each other percentage wise.



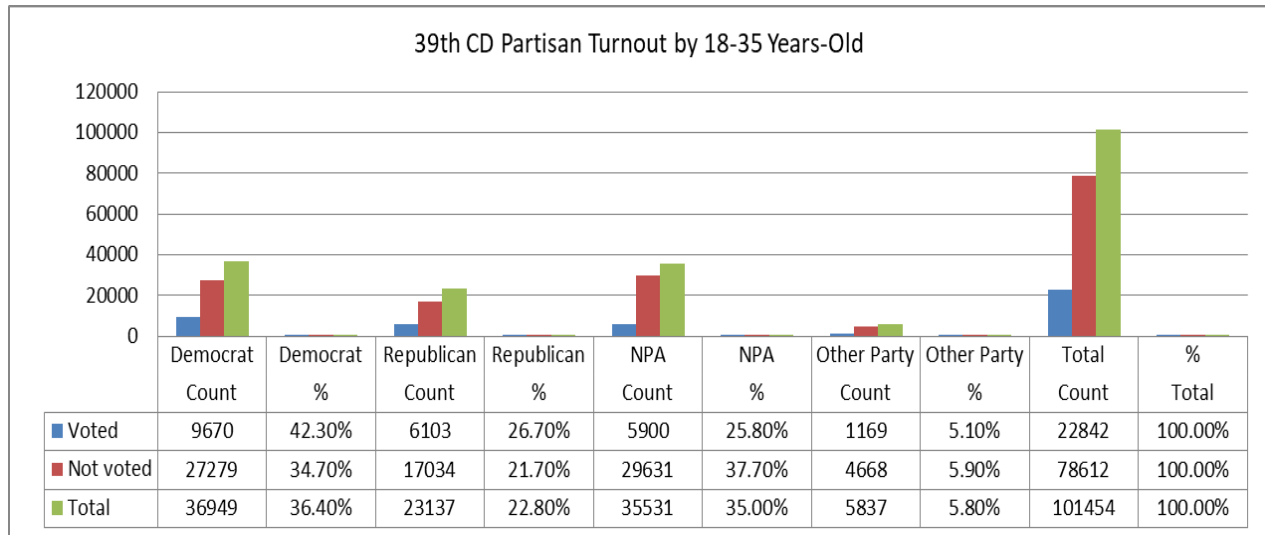
However, we see that turnout of each group varies significantly when the groups are compared to within their group. The 18-34 turnout was 22.5% within its group, the 36-49 turnout was 33.4% within its group, the 50-64 turnout was 48.5% within its group, and the over 65 turnout was a 62.5% within its group. Even though the groups are relatively equal numerically, they differ significantly when they vote.

In the 18-35 age-group Democratic turnouts (42.3%) outperformed second place Republicans, (26.7%), and third place NPA's (25.8%) in the 18-35 age-group.

The Democratic registration (36.4%) leads second place NPA's, (35%), and third place Republican (21.7%)

Additionally, total turnout shows that only 22,842 voted, and 78,612 did not vote.

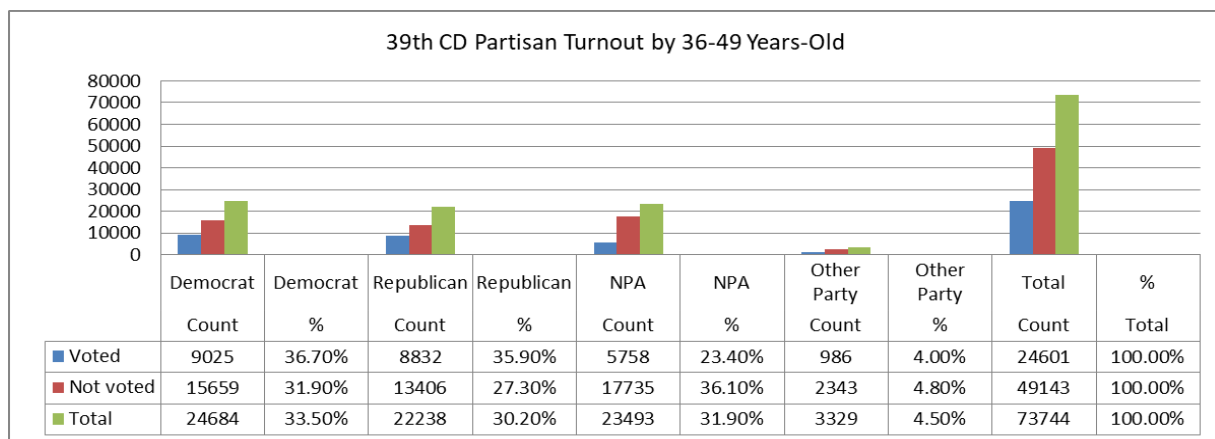
39th Congressional District



In the 36-49 age-group Democratic turnout (36.7%) outperformed second place Republicans, (35.9%), and third place NPA's (23.4%).

Again, the Democratic registration (33.5%) leads second place NPA's, (31.9%), and third place Republican (30.2%)

Additionally, total turnout shows that only 24,601 voted, and 49,143 did not vote.

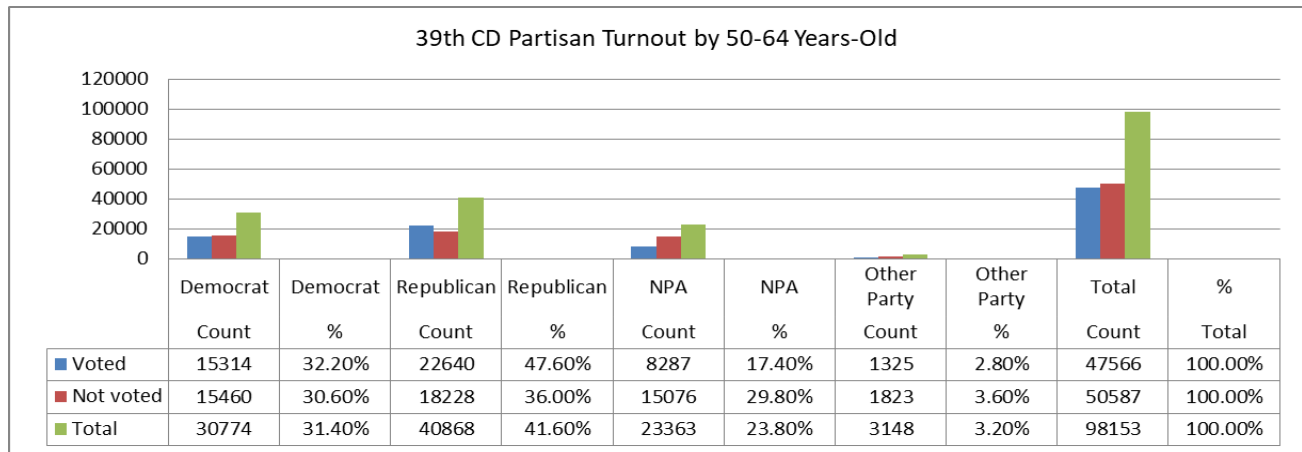


39th Congressional District

In the 50-64 age-group Republican turnout (47.6%) outperformed second place Democratic, (32.2%), and third place NPA's (17.4%).

Here, the Republican registration (41.6%) leads second place Democratic, (31.4%), and third place NPA's (23.8%)

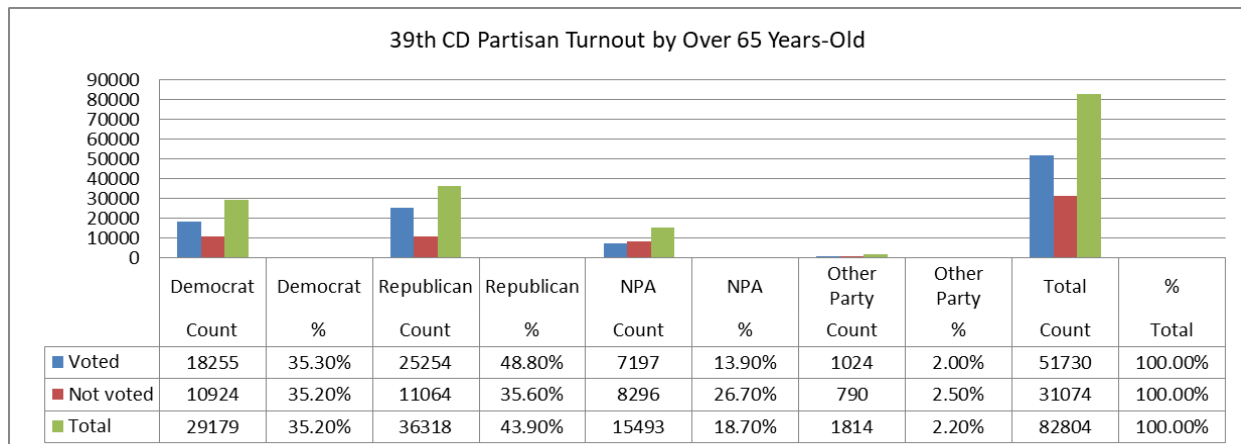
Additionally, Turnout shows that only 47,566 voted, and 50,153 did not vote.



In the over 65 age-group Republican turnout (48.9%) outperformed second place Democratic, (35.3%), and third place NPA's (13.9%).

Here, the Republican registration (43.9%) leads second place Democratic, (35.2%), and third place NPA's (18.7%)

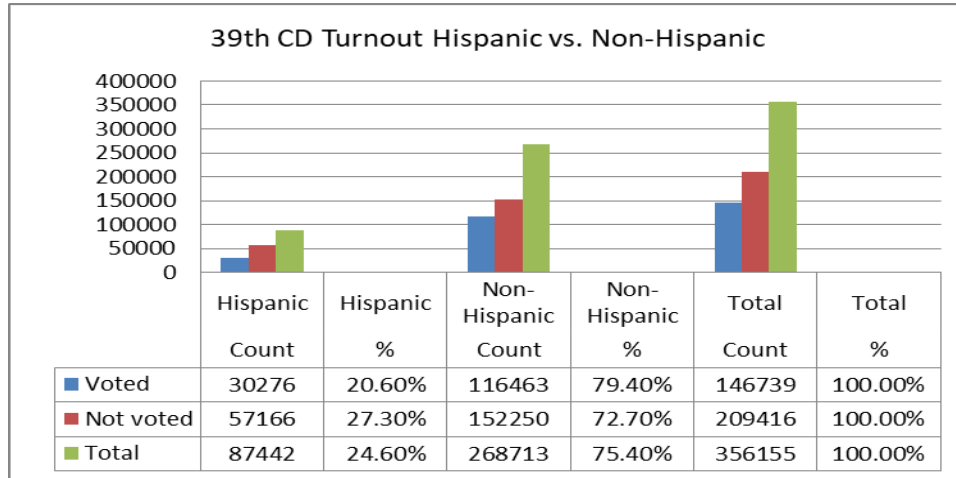
Additionally, Total turnout shows that only 51,730 voted, and 31,074 did not vote.



39th Congressional District

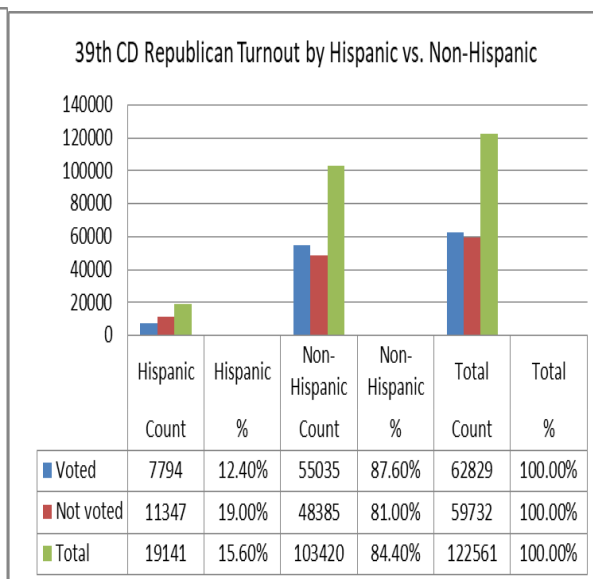
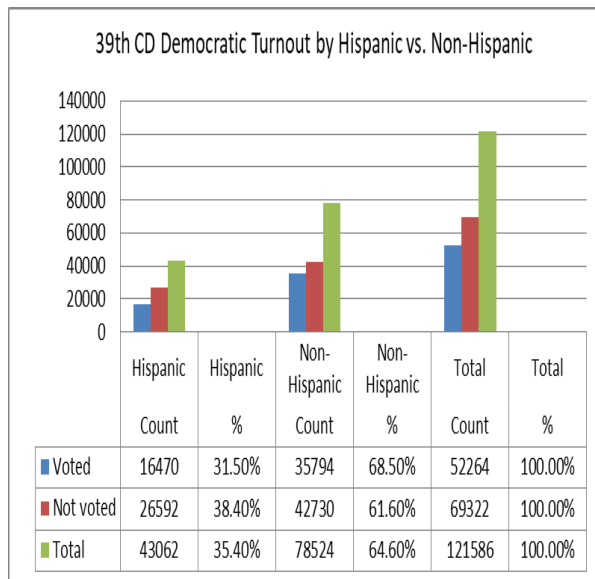
District turnout by Hispanic voter:

There are approximately, of 87,442 Hispanics (24.6%), in the 39th district's registered voter population. The turnout was 15,685 (8.6%) voting, and 33,130 (16.4%) not voting.



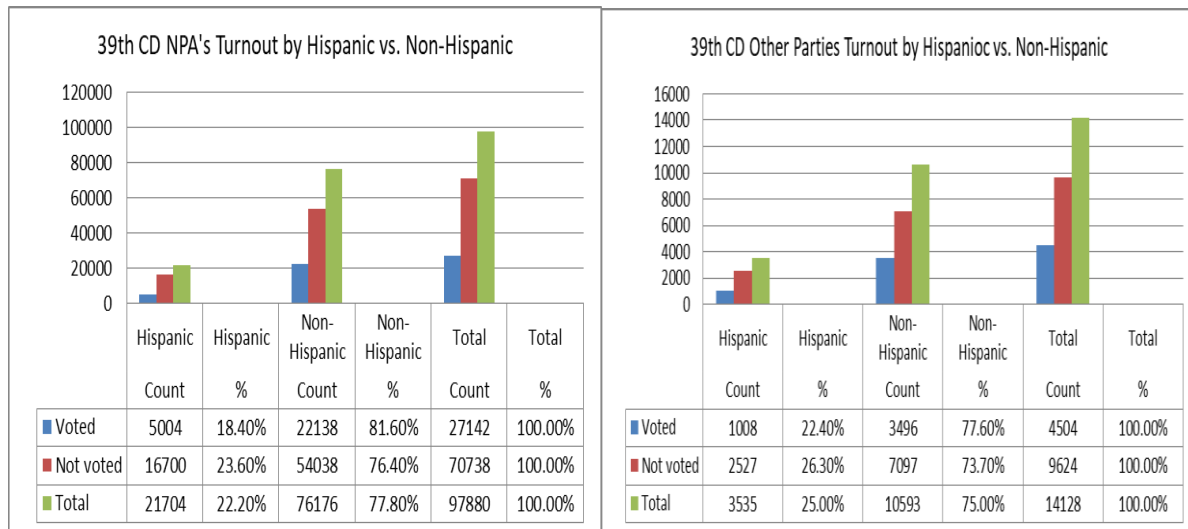
Of the Hispanics that voted, 16,470 were Democrats, 7,794 were Republicans, 5,004 were NPA's, and 1,008 were registered with other parties.

The Hispanic Democrats account for a total of 43,062 of the registered voters, with 26,592 not voting. The Hispanic Republicans account for 19,141 of the registered, with 11,347 not voting.

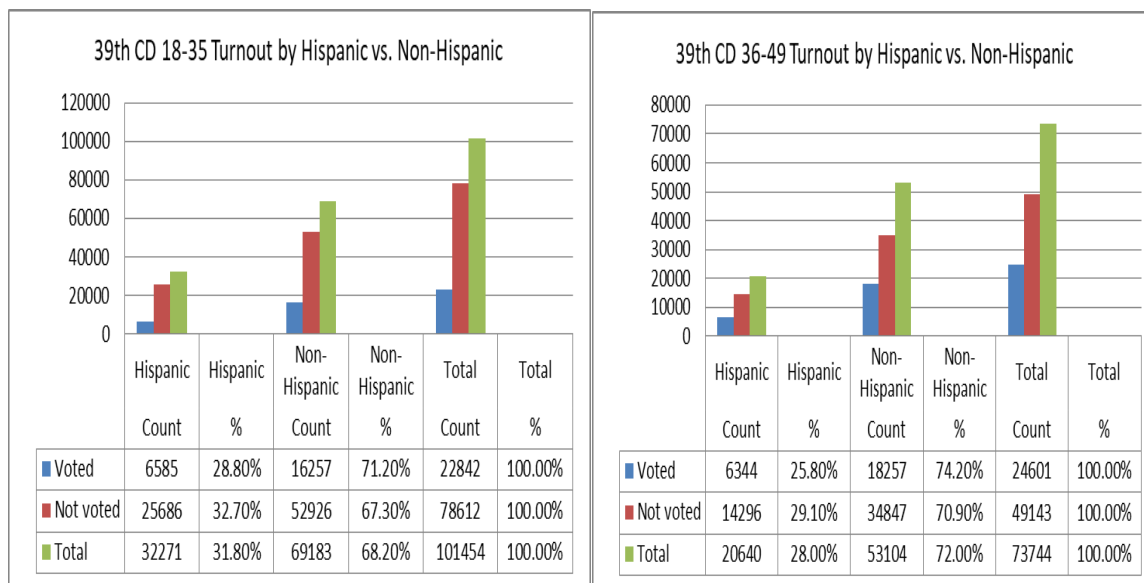


39th Congressional District

The Hispanic NPA's are a total of 21,704 of the registered voters with 16,700 not voting. The Hispanic Other party are a total of 3,535 of the registered with 2,527 not voting.

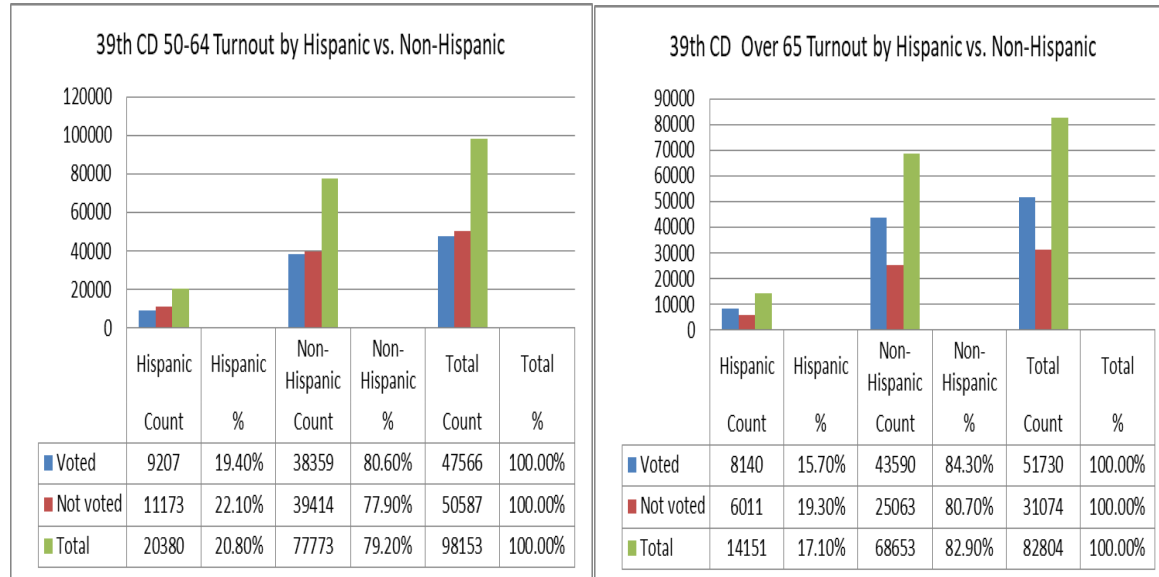


The Hispanic voter turnout for the age-group 18-35 was 6,585 for the age-group 36-49 was 6,344, for the 50-64 age-group it was 9,207, and for the over 65 age-group, it was 8,140.



39th Congressional District

Of note, the over 65 age-group had more people voting 8,140 than not voting 6,011



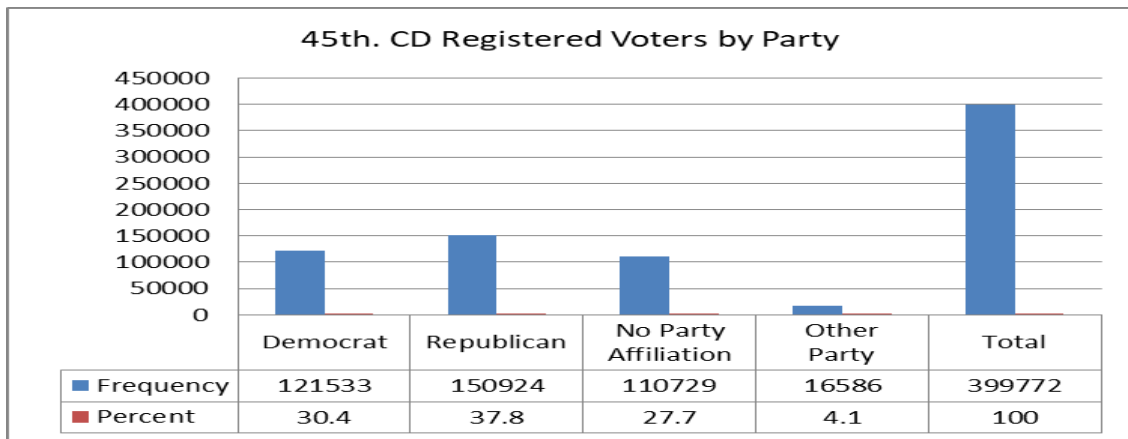
45th Congressional District

Republican Mimi Walters, the incumbent, is being challenged by Democratic Katie Porter.

In the primary, Mimi Walters won first place with 51.7%, and Katie Porter won second place with 20.3% of the vote, from a field of six candidates.

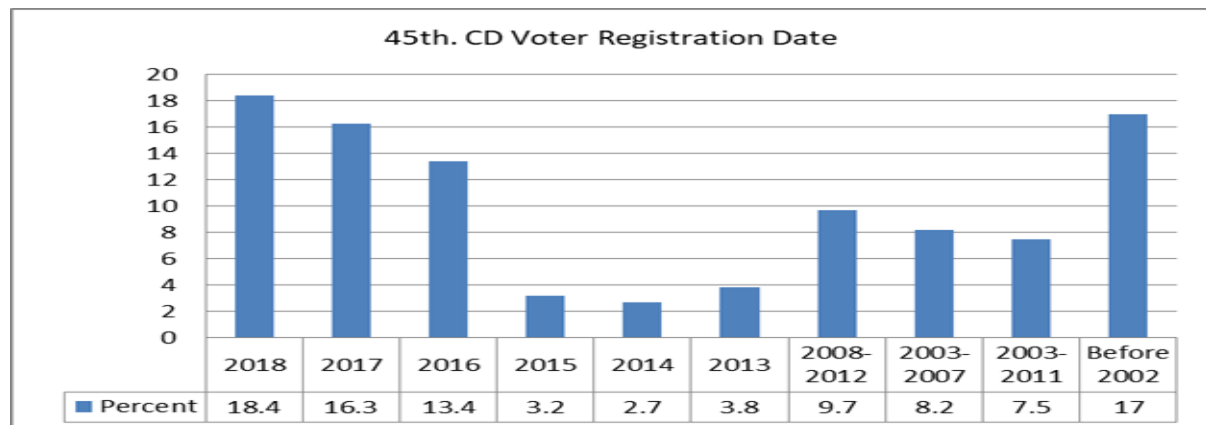
The Republican Party in the 45th congressional district is the majority party by 7.4%. This gives the incumbent a comfortable margin in Republican voter registration.

The mean (average) age of the district voter is 49.9 the median (middle value) age is 51.



Source: California SOS 8/24/2018.

The District also showed a voter registration increase of 47.8%, according to the voter file, during the three year period of 2018, 2017, and 2016.



45th Congressional District

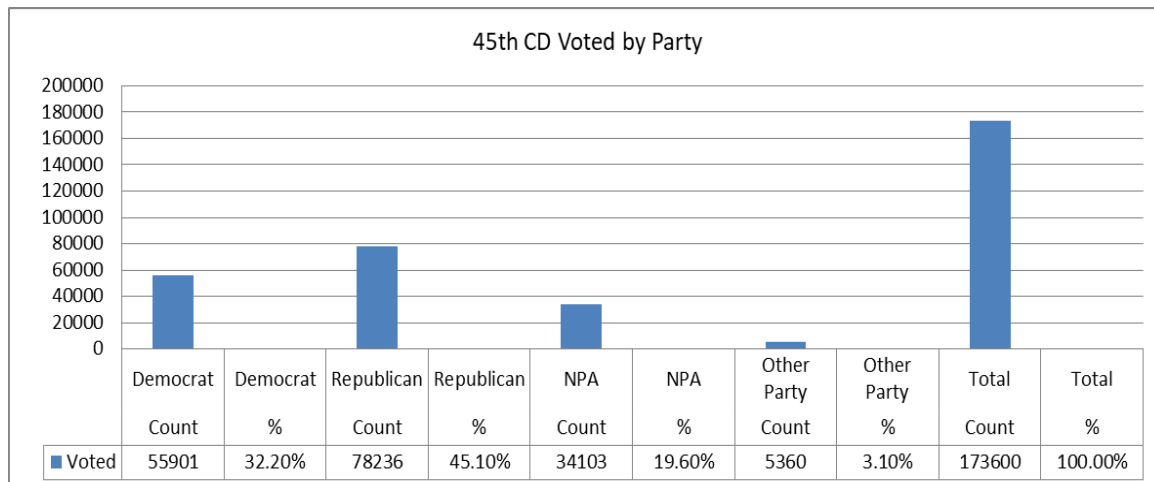
The 45th congressional district has a total of 399,772 registered voters, of those, the total turnout was 173,600 (43.3%) of voters and 226,172 (56.6%) who did not vote

The method of voting for the district in the primary consisted of 1,770 voting early, 60,931 (15.2) voting at the precinct, and the preferred method of voting by all groups is 110,714 (43.3%) voting by mail. Still 226,172 (56.6%) did not vote at all.

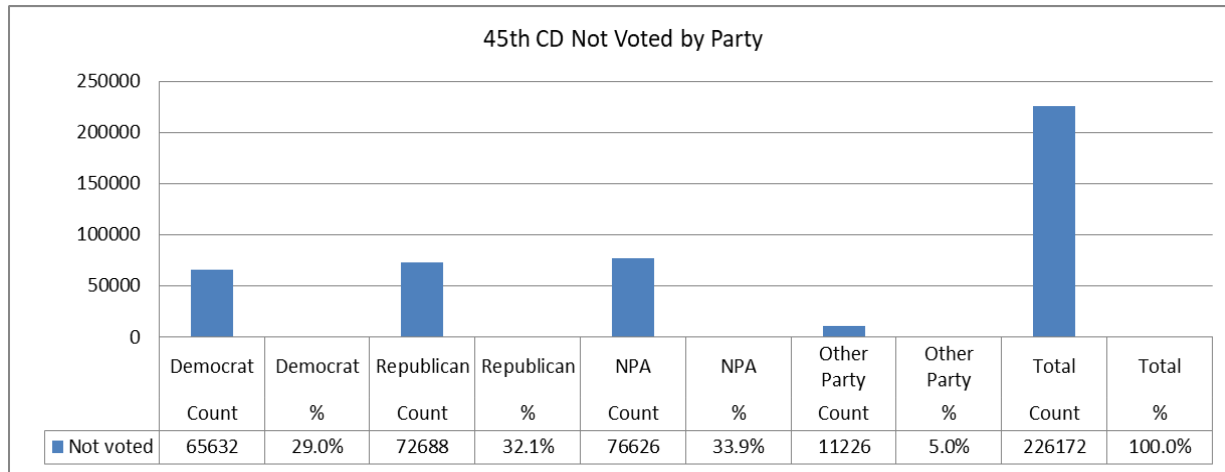
Method	Count	Percent
Other	185	0
Early voting	1,770	0.4
Poll precinct	60,931	15.2
Vote by mail	110,714	27.7
Voting total	173,600	43.3
Not voting total	226,172	56.6
Total	399,772	100

District turnout by party

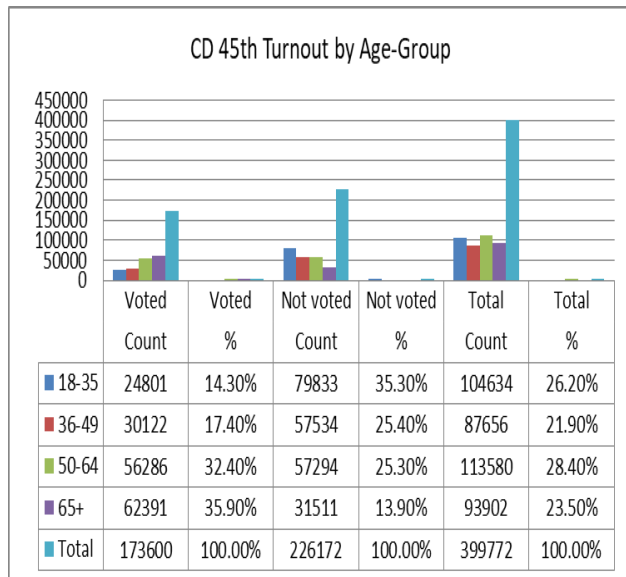
Of the total 173,600 that voted, the Republicans turned out 78,236, the Democrats were second with 55,901, the NPA's were third with 34,103, and all the other parties had a total of 5,360.



45th Congressional District



The turnout category by age-group shows the vast differences in age-group participation. For example, the total count of voters by age-group is selected so that they are relative equal in number for each group. Such as, The Total count for the 18-35 group is 104,634,(26.2%), the 36-49 group is 87,656, (21.9%), the 50-64 group is 113,580,(28.4%), and the over 65 group is 93,902,(23.5%). So overall the groups are pretty close to each other percentage wise.



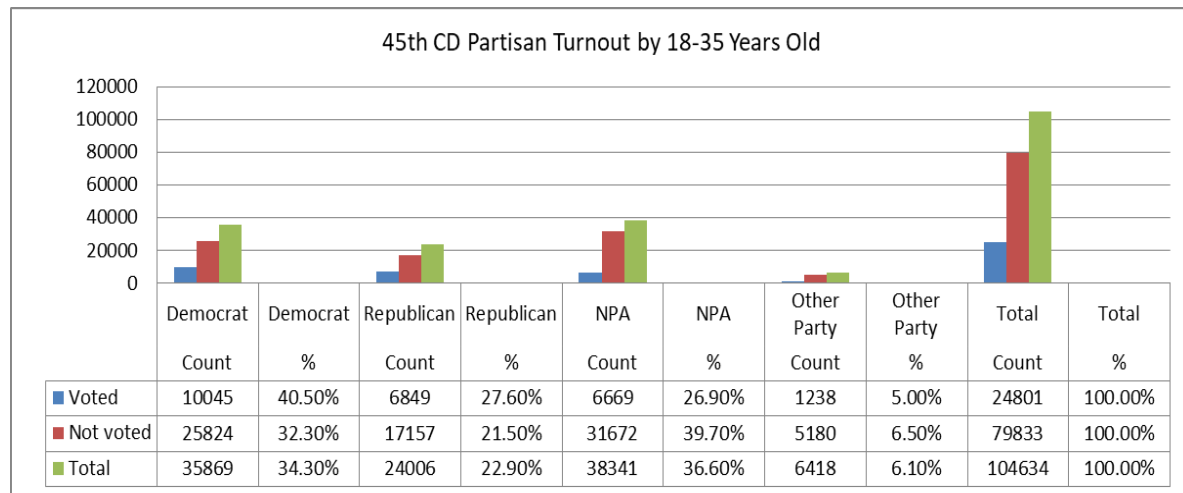
However, we see that turnout of each group varies significantly when the groups are compared to within their group. The 18-34 turnout was 14.3% within its group, the 36-49 turnout was 17.4% within its group, the 50-64 turnout was 32.4% within its group, and the over 65 turnout was a 35.9% within its group. Even though the groups are relatively equal numerically, they differ significantly when they vote.

45th Congressional District

In the 18-35 age-group, Democratic turnout (40.5%) outperformed second place Republicans, (27.6%), and third place NPA's (26.9%) slightly underperformed Republicans in the 18-35 age-group.

The NPA's total registration (36.6%) leads total second place Democratic, (34.3%), and third place Republican (22.9%)

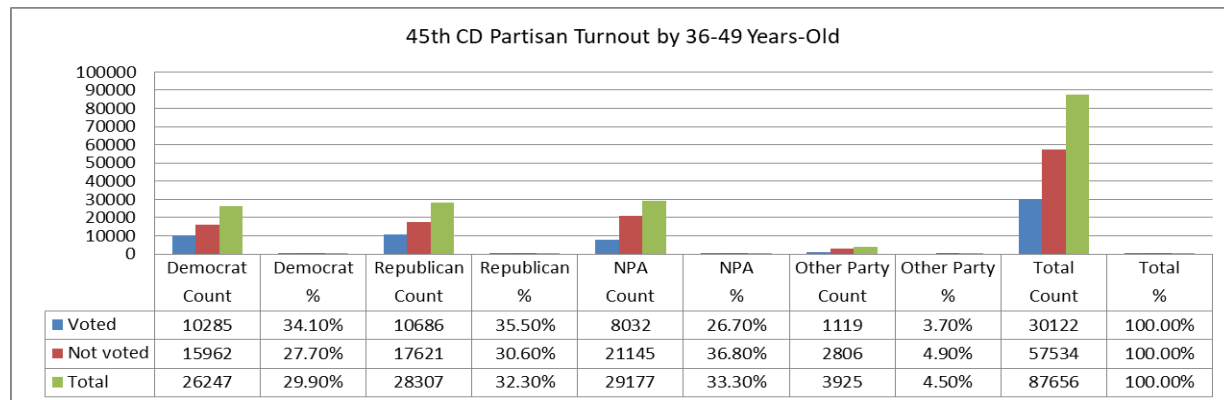
Additionally, total turnout shows that only 24,801 voted, and 79,833 did not vote.



In the 36-49 age-group Republican turnout (35.5%) outperformed second place Democratic turnout, (34.1%), and third place NPA's (26.7%).

Again, the NPA's registration (33.3%) leads second place Republican, (32.3%), and third place Democratic (29.9%)

Additionally, total turnout shows that only 30,122 voted, and 57,534 did not vote.

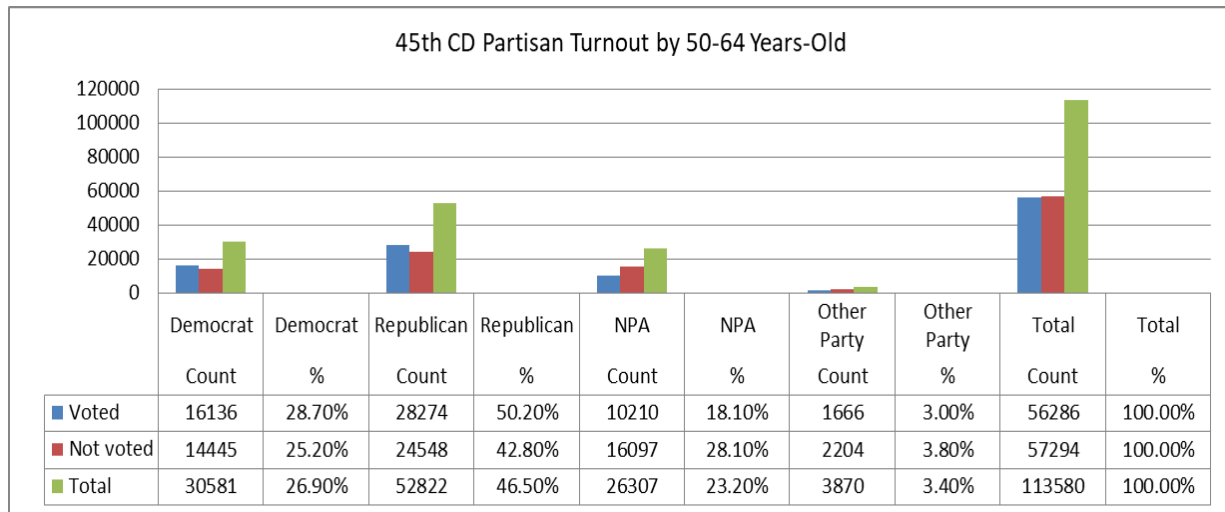


45th Congressional District

In the 50-64 age-group Republican turnout (50.2%) outperformed second place Democratic, (28.7%), and third place NPA's (18.1%).

Here, the Republican registration (46.5%) leads second place Democratic, (26.9%), and third place NPA's (23.2%)

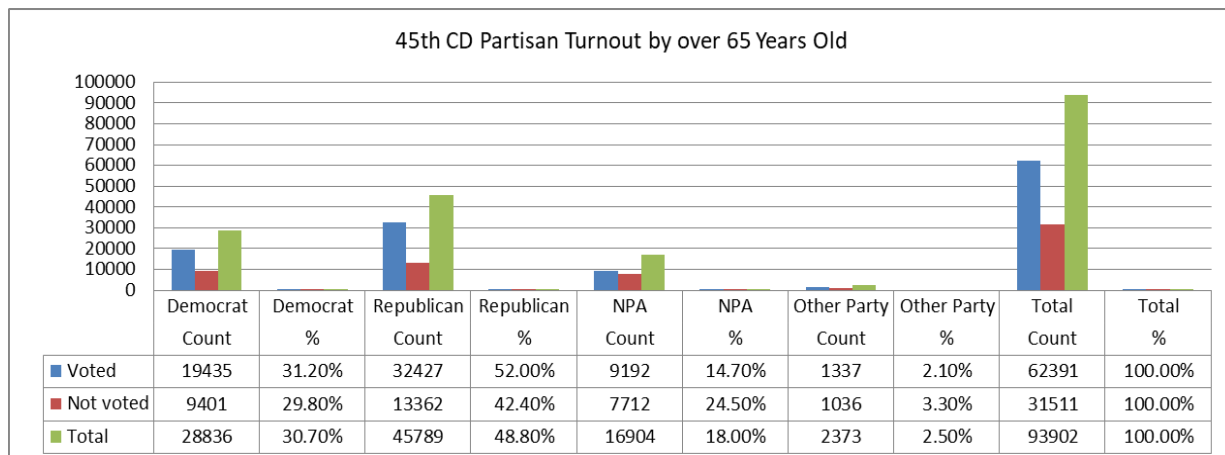
Additionally, Total turnout shows that only 56,286 voted, and 57,294 did not vote.



In the over 65 age-group Republican turnout (52%) outperformed second place Democratic, (31.2%), and third place NPA's (14.7%).

Here, the Republican registration (48.8%) leads second place Democratic, (30.7%), and third place NPA's (18%)

Additionally, Total turnout shows that only 62,391 voted, and 31,511 did not vote.

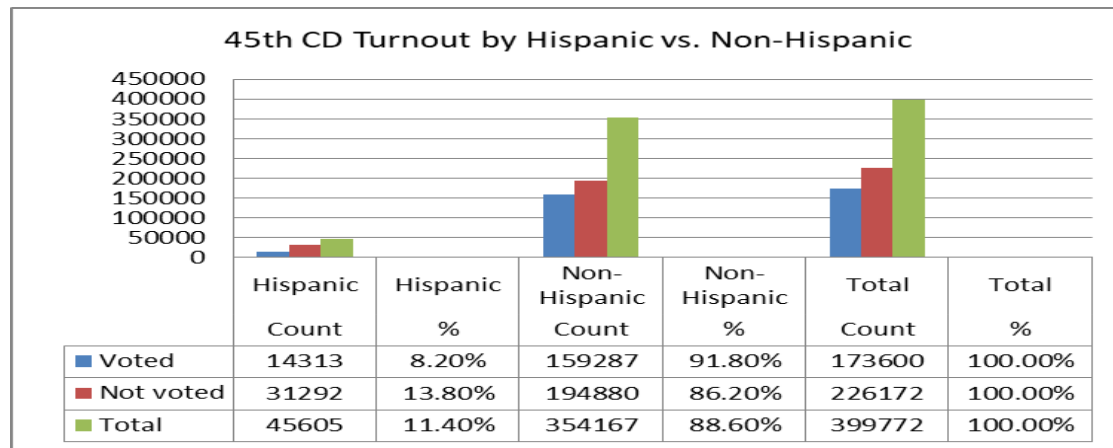


45th Congressional District

The Hispanic voter:

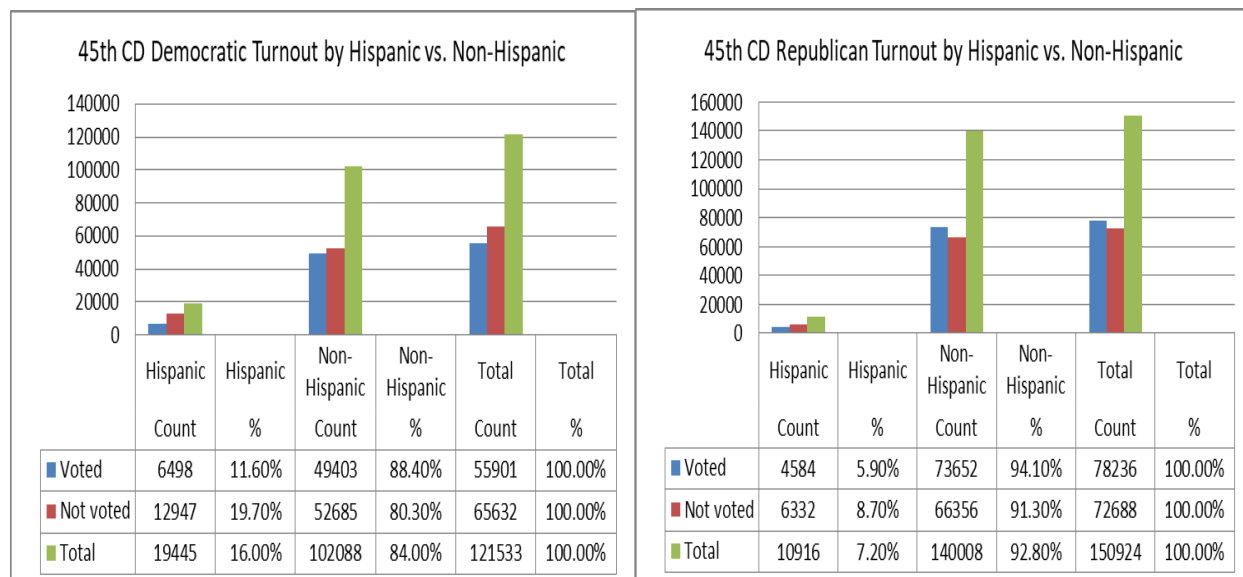
There are approximately, of 45,605 Hispanics (11.4%), in the 45th district's registered voter population. (Source: U.S. Census)

The turnout was 14,313 (8.2%) voting, and 31,292 (6.4%) not voting.

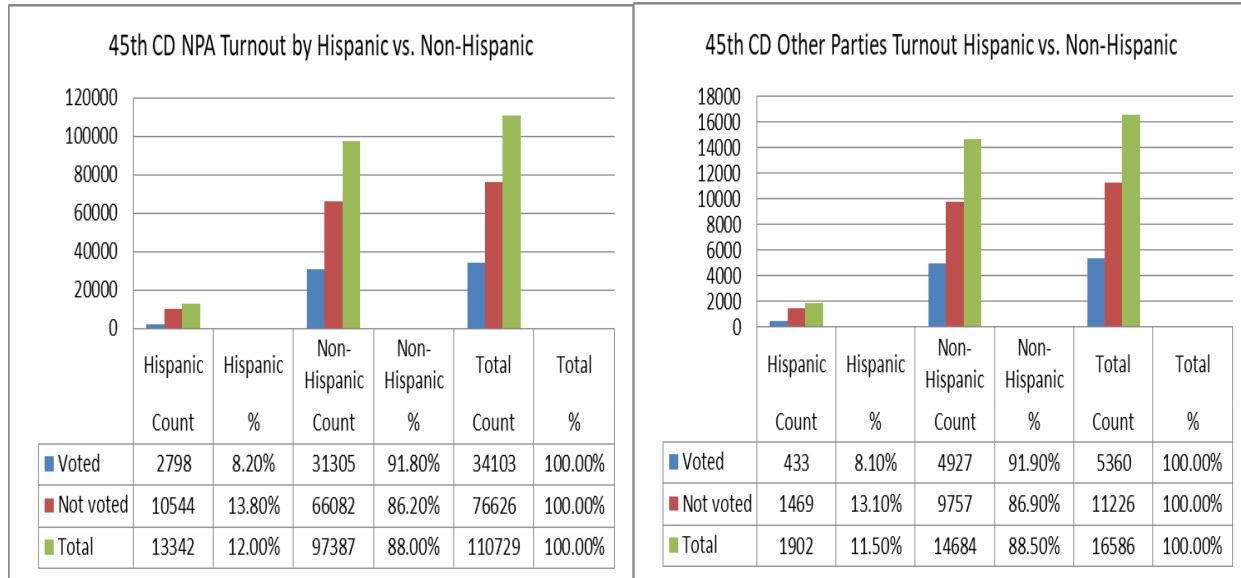


Of the Hispanics that voted, 6,498 were Democrats, 4,584 were Republican, 2,798 were NPA's, and 433 were registered with other parties.

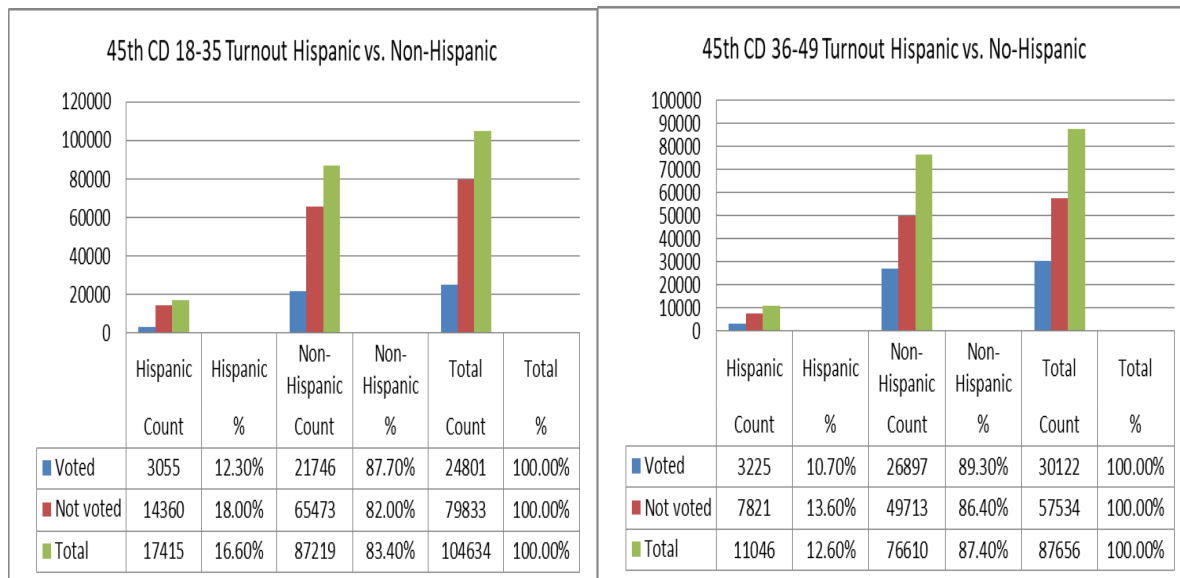
The Hispanic Democrats account for a total of 20,492 registered voters, and 12,947 not voting. The Republicans account for a total of 10,916 registered voters, and 6,332 not voting.



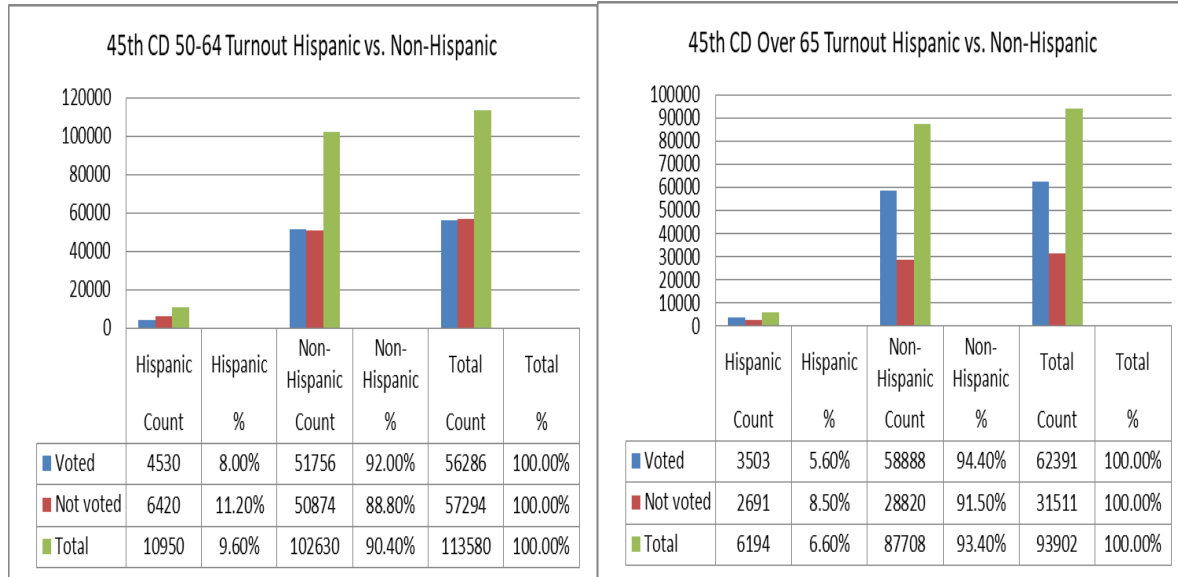
45th Congressional District



The Hispanic voter turnout for the age-group 18-35 was 12.3%, for the age-group 36-49 was 10.7%, for the 50-64 age-group it was 8%, and for the over 65 age-group, it was 5.7%.



45th Congressional District



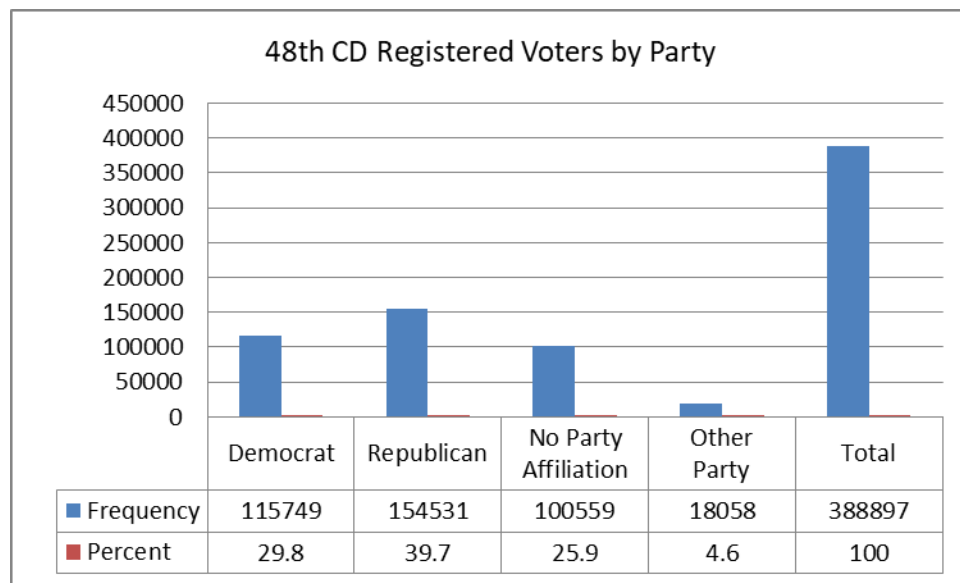
48th Congressional District

Incumbent Republican Dana Rohrabacher is being challenged by Democrat Harley Rouda.

In the primary, Dana Rohrabacher won first place with 30.3% of the vote, and Harley Rouda 17.3% of the vote, from a field of sixteen candidates

The 48th Congressional District has a total 388,897 registered voters; 29.8% Democratic, 39.7% Republican, 25.9 No party affiliation, (NPA), and the remaining 4.6% belong to all other parties. In the 48th, congressional district the Republicans, are ahead in registration by almost 10% to the Democrats.

The mean (average) age of the district voter is 51.44 and the median (middle value) age is 52.

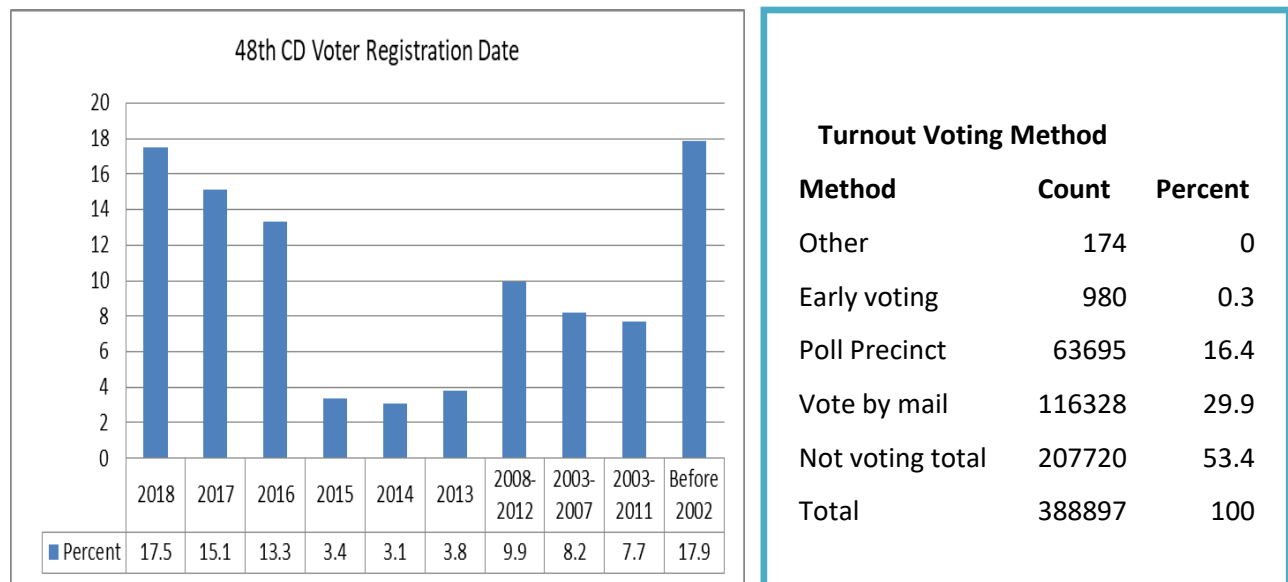


Source: California SOS 8/24/2018.

48th Congressional District

The method for voting for the district in the primary consisted of 980 (<1%) voting early, 63,695, (16.4%) voting at the precinct, and 116,328 (29.9%) voting by mail, and the remainder 207,720, (53.4%) not voting.

45.9% of the 48th. CD voters registered in the three year period of 2018, 2017, and 2016.



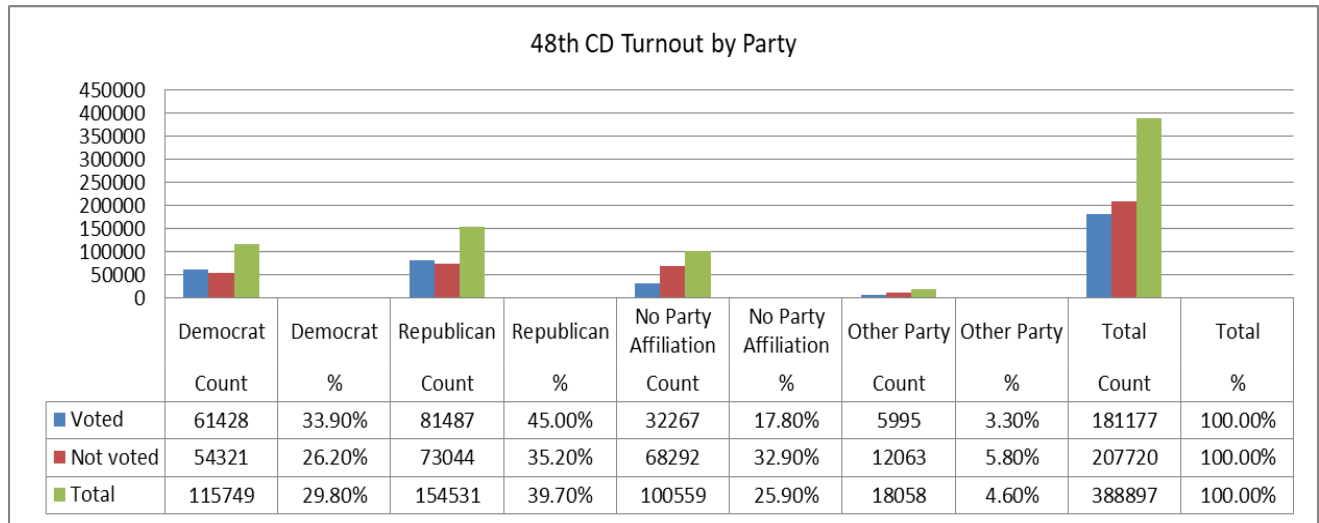
Turnout Voting Method		
Method	Count	Percent
Other	174	0
Early voting	980	0.3
Poll Precinct	63695	16.4
Vote by mail	116328	29.9
Not voting total	207720	53.4
Total	388897	100

The 48th district had a total turnout of 181,177 voters, and a total of 207,720 that did not vote. Of the voters that participated, the Republicans had the advantage with 81,487 (45%), the Democrats were second with 61,428 (33.9%), the NPA’s came in third with 32,267 (17.8%), and all the other parties had a total of 5,995 (3.3%).

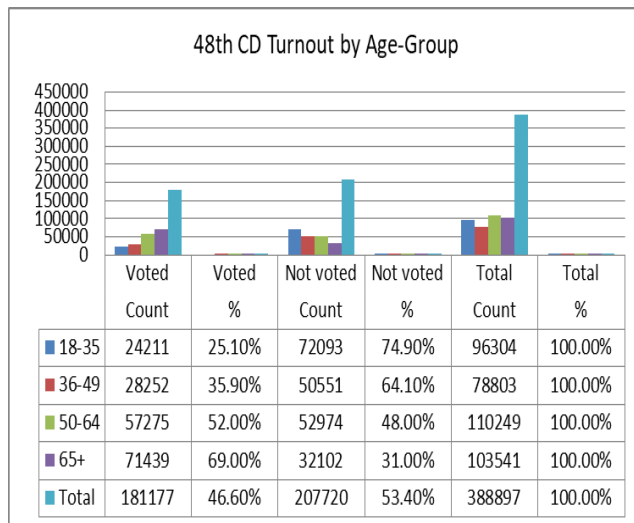
Turnout in primary increased for Republicans and Democrats, and decreased for NPA’s and all other parties.

The Republican party turnout outperformed their registration by 5.3%, the Democratic party also beat their registration by 4.1%; while the NPA’s decreased their participation by -8.1%, and the other parties also decreased by -1.3%.%; all the parties still had an overwhelming number of non-voters.

48th Congressional District



The turnout category by age-group shows the vast differences in age-group participation. For example, the total count of voters by age-group is selected so that they are relative equal in number for each group. Such as, The Total count for the 18-35 group is 96,304,(24.8%), the 36-49 group is 78,803, (20.3%), the 50-64 group is 110,249,(28.3%), and the over 65 group is 103,541,(26.6%). So overall the groups are pretty close to each other percentage wise.



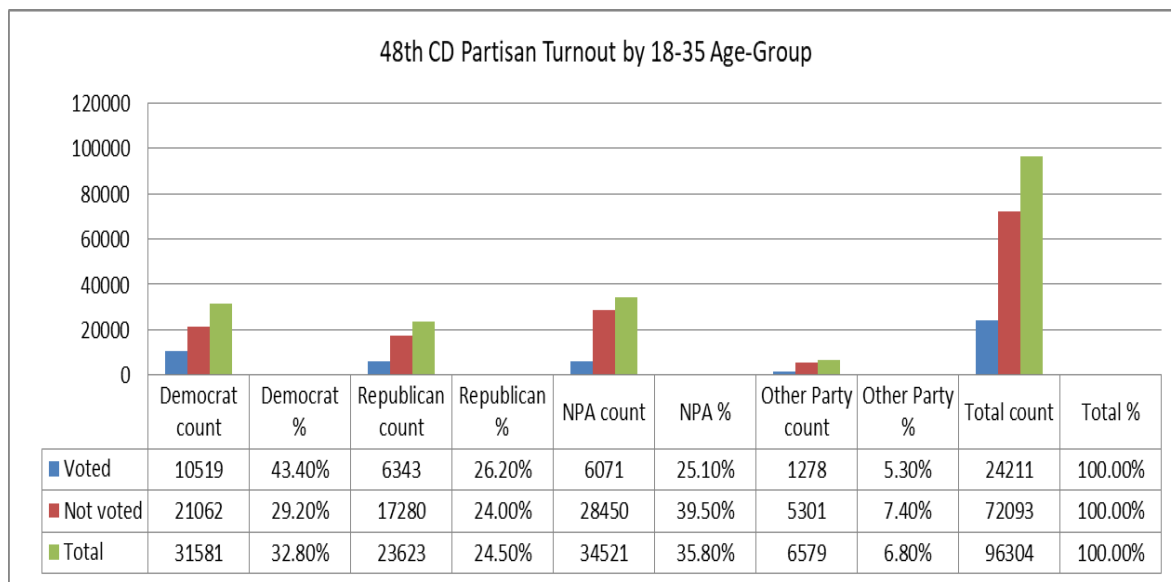
However, we see that turnout of each group varies significantly when the groups are compared to within their group. The 18-34 turnout was 25.1% within its group, the 36-49 turnout was 35.9% within its group, the 50-64 turnout was 52% within its group, and the over 65 was a 69% within its group. Even though the groups are relatively equal numerically, they differ significantly when they vote.

48th Congressional District

In the 18-35 age-groups Democratic turnouts (43.4%) outperformed second place Republicans (26.2%), and third place NPA’s (25.1%) in the 18-35 age-group.

The NPA’s 18-35 age-group registration (35.8%) leads second place Democratic, (32.8%), and third place Republican (26.2%)

Additionally, total turnout shows that only 24,211 voted, and 72,093 did not vote.

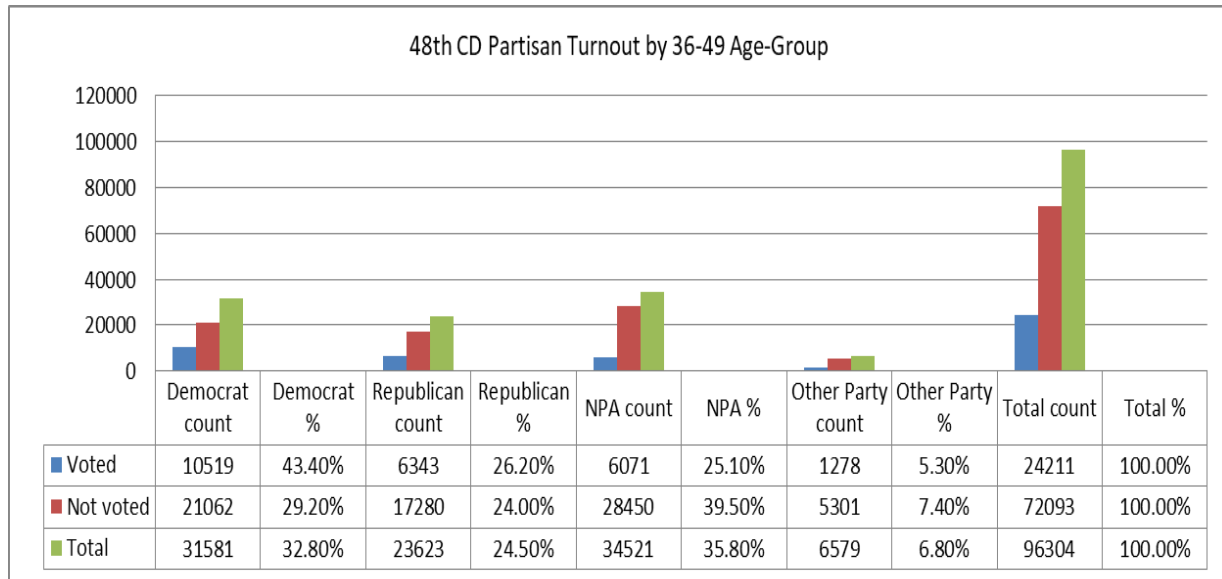


In the 36-49 age-group Democratic turnout (43.4%) outperformed second place Republican, (26.2.3%), and third place NPA’s (25.1%).

Again, the NPA’s registration (35.8%) leads second place Democrats, (32.8%), and third place Republicans (24.5%)

Additionally, total turnout shows that only 24,211 voted, and 72,093 did not vote.

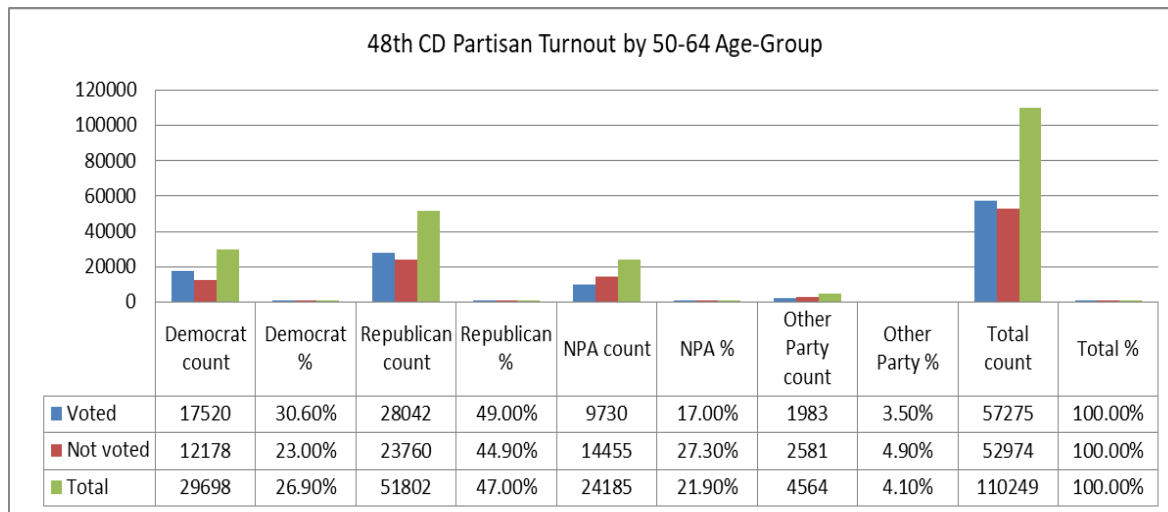
48th Congressional District



In the 50-64 age-group Republican turnout (49%) outperformed second place Democratic, (30.6%), and third place NPA's (17%).

Here, the Republican registration (47%) leads second place Democratic, (26.9%), and third place NPA's (21.9%)

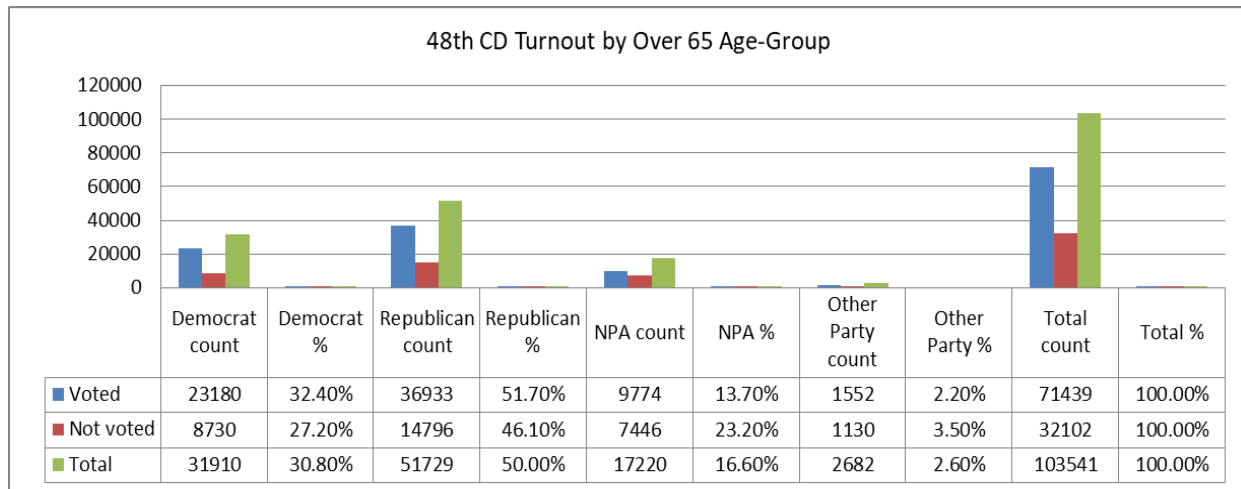
Additionally, Turnout shows that only 57,275 voted, and 52,974 did not vote.



48th Congressional District

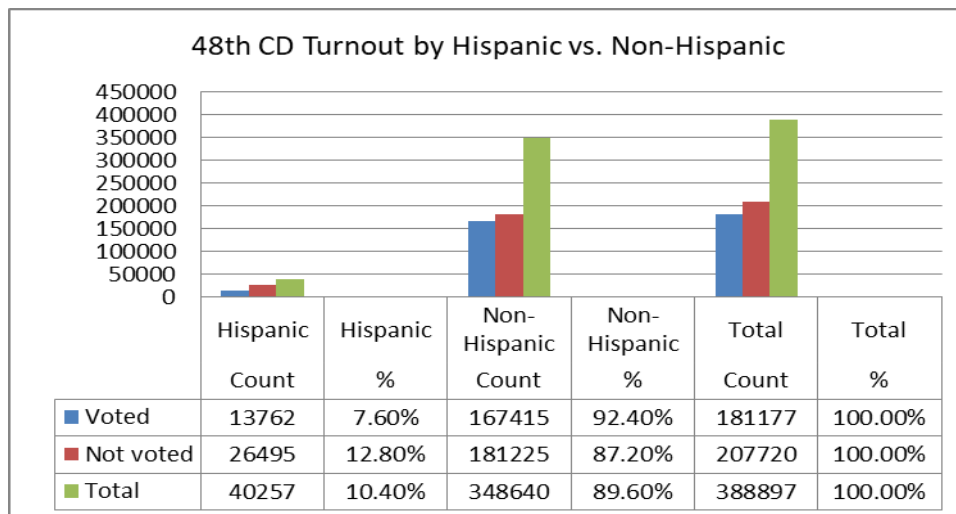
In the over 65 age-group Republican turnout (51.7%) outperformed second place Democratic, (32.4%), and third place NPA's (13.7%).

Here, the Republican registration (50%) leads second place Democratic, (30.8%), and third place NPA's (16.6%). Additionally, Total turnout shows that an overwhelming 71,439 voted, and 32,102 did not vote.



The Hispanic voter:

There are approximately, of 40,257 Hispanics (10.4%), in the 48th district's registered voter population. (Source: U.S. Census). The turnout was 13,762 (7.6%) voting, and 26,495 (12.8%) not voting.



48th Congressional District

Of the Hispanics that voted, 7,167 were Democrats, 3,702 were Republicans, 2,457, were NPA's, and 436 were registered with other parties.

The Hispanic Democrats account for a total of 18,016 registered voters, with 10,849 not voting.

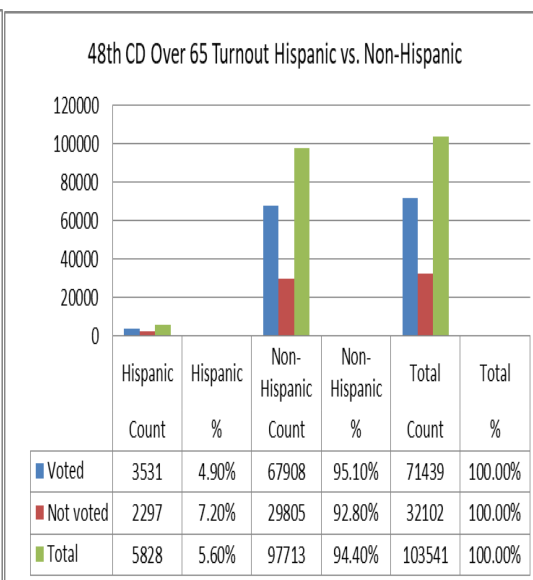
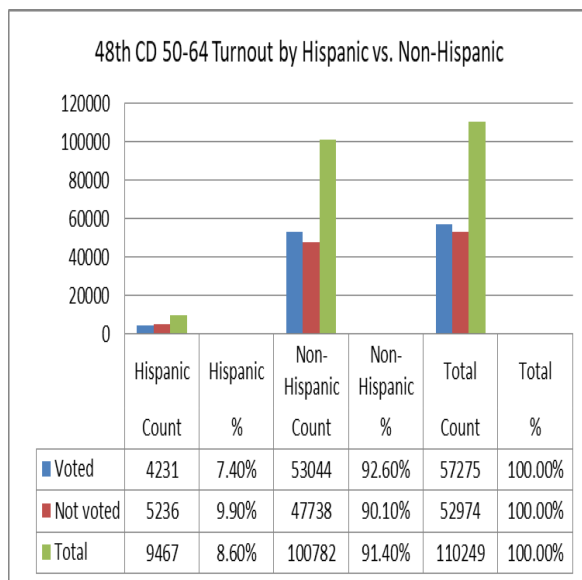
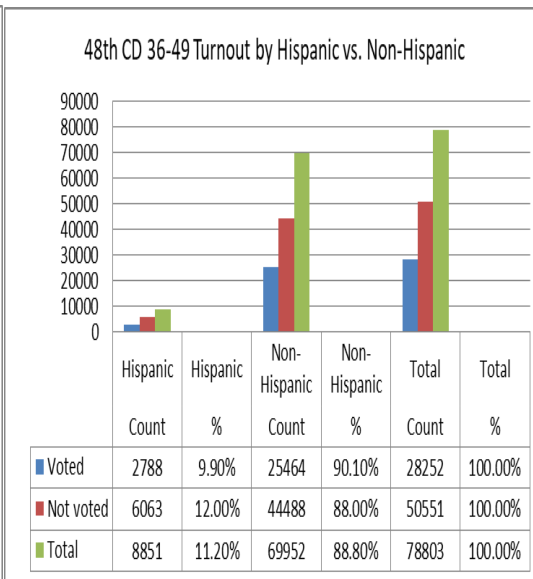
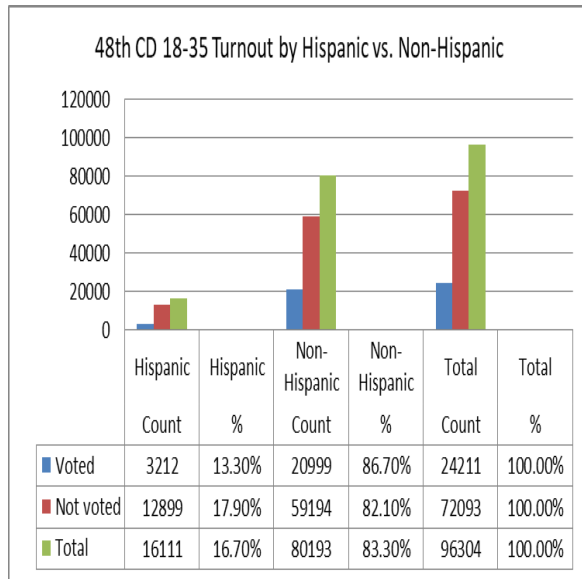
The Hispanic Republicans account for 9,129 registered voters, with 5,427 not voting.



48th Congressional District

The Hispanic voter turnout for the age-group 18-35 was 13.3%, for the age-group 36-49 was 9.9%, for the 50-64 age-group it was 7.4%, and for the over 65 age-groups it was 4.9%.

Of note, the over 65 age-group had more people voting 3,846 than not voting 2,573



49th Congressional District

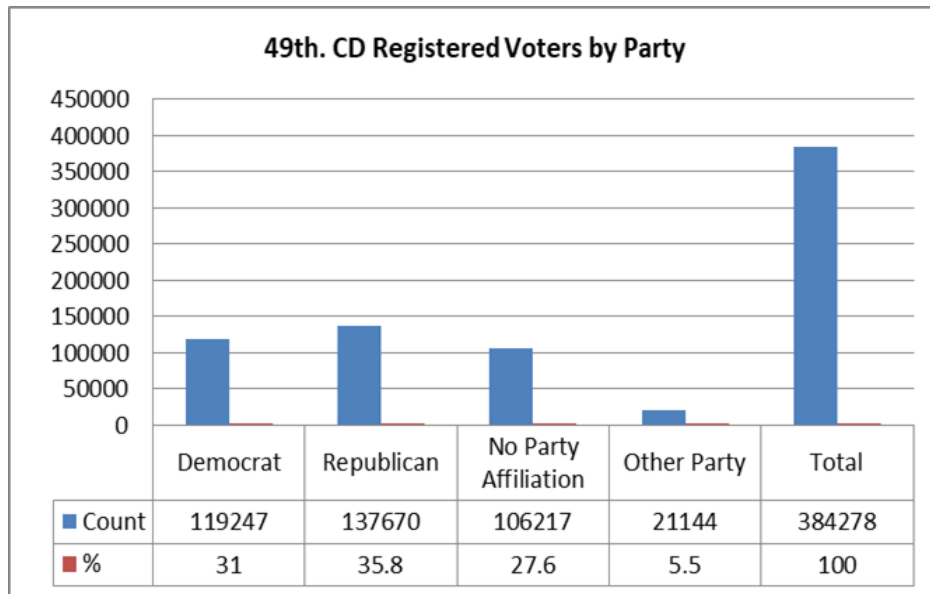
Republican Diane Harkey and Democrat Mike Levin are vying to represent the district vacated by Darrell Issa, who chose not to run for reelection.

In the primary, Diane Harkey won first place with 25.5%, and Mike Levin won second place with 17.5% of the vote, from a field 16 candidates.

The 49th Congressional District has a total of 384,278 registered voters; 31% Democratic, 35% Republican, 27.6% No Party Affiliation, (NPA), and the remaining 5% belong to all other parties combined. In the 49th, Congressional District the Republicans led in registration by almost 5% to the Democrats.

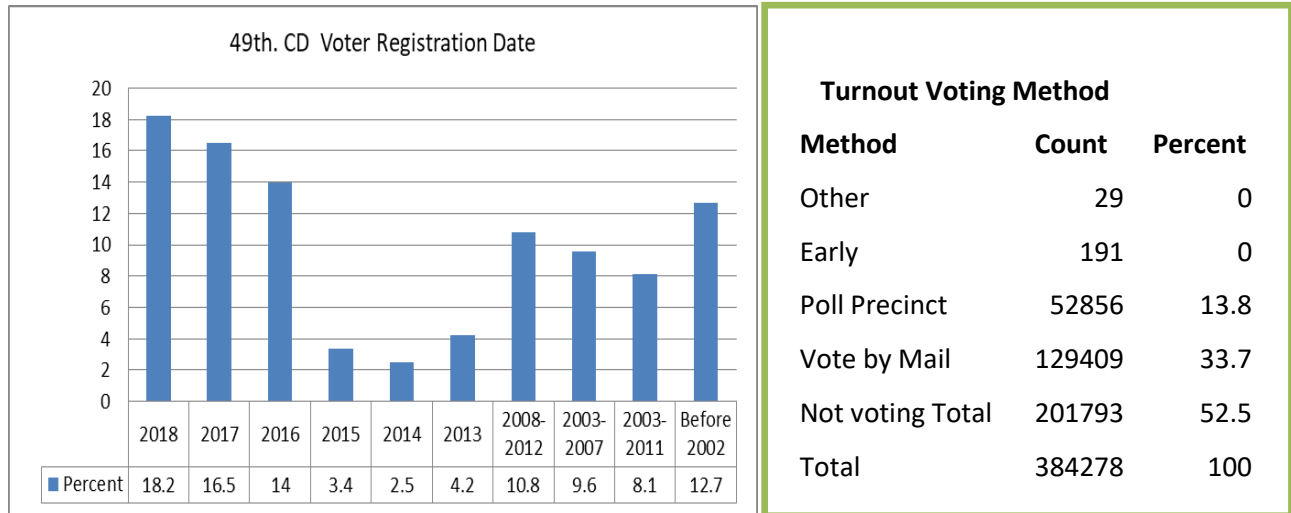
The mean age of the district is 50.5, the median age is 51.

Source: California SOS, 8/24/2018.

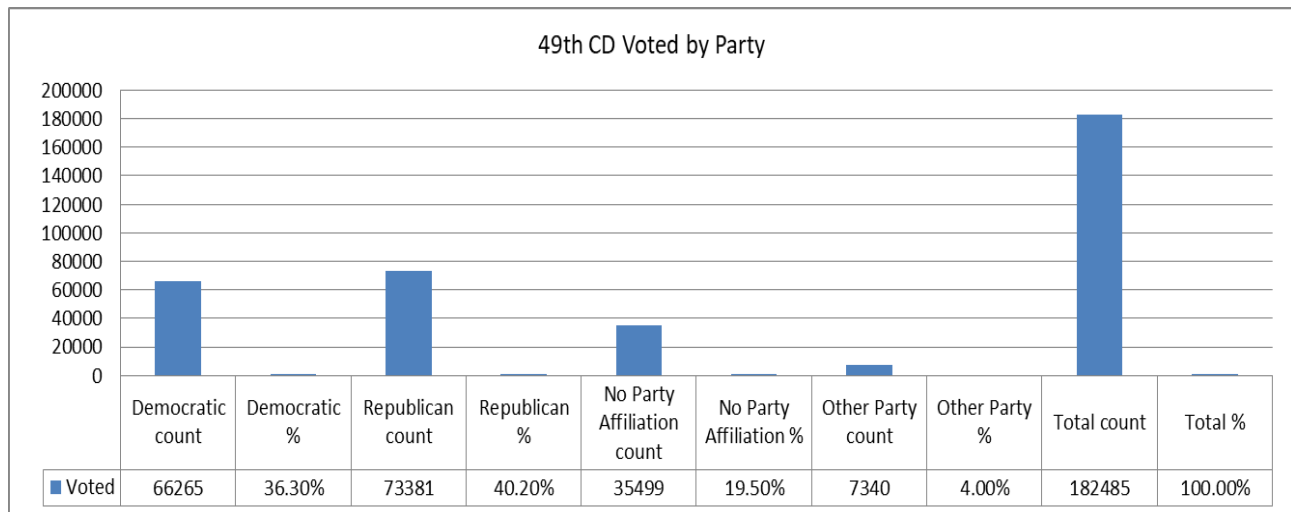


49th Congressional District

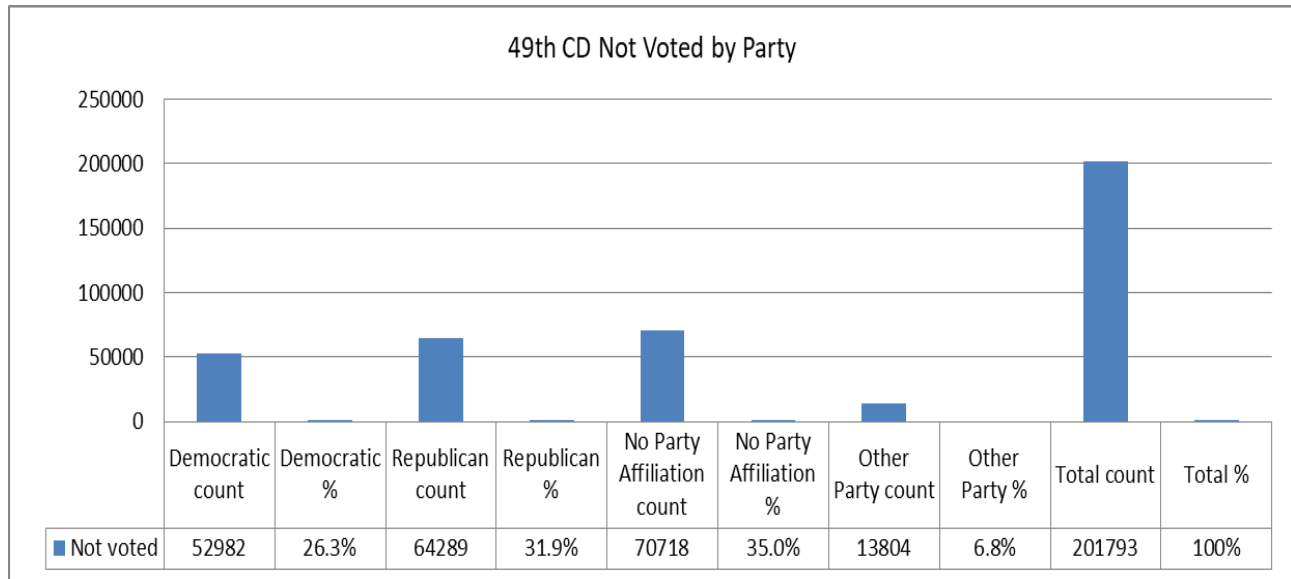
Almost one-half of all 49th CD voters (48.7%), registered in the three year period of 2018, 2017, and 2016.



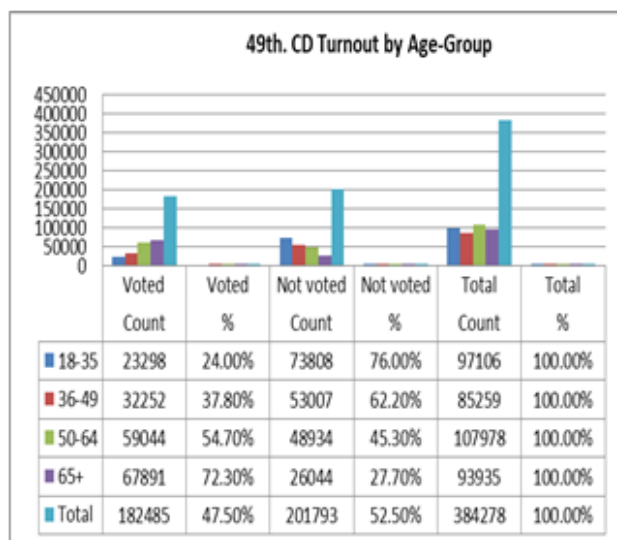
The 49th district had a total turnout of 182,485 voters, and a total of 201,793 that did not vote. Of the voters that participated, the Republicans had the advantage with 73,381,(40.2%), the Democrats were second with 66,265,(36.3%), the NPA's came in third with 35,499,(19.5%), and all the other parties had a total of 7,340, (4%).



49th Congressional District



The turnout category by age-group shows the vast differences in age-group participation. For example, the total count of voters by age-group is selected so that they are relative equal in number for each group. Such as, The Total count for the 18-35 group is 97,106,(25.2%), the 36-49 group is 85,259, (24.5%), the 50-64 group is 102,978,(28.1%), and the over 65 group is 93,935,(24.4%). So overall the groups are pretty close to each other percentage wise.



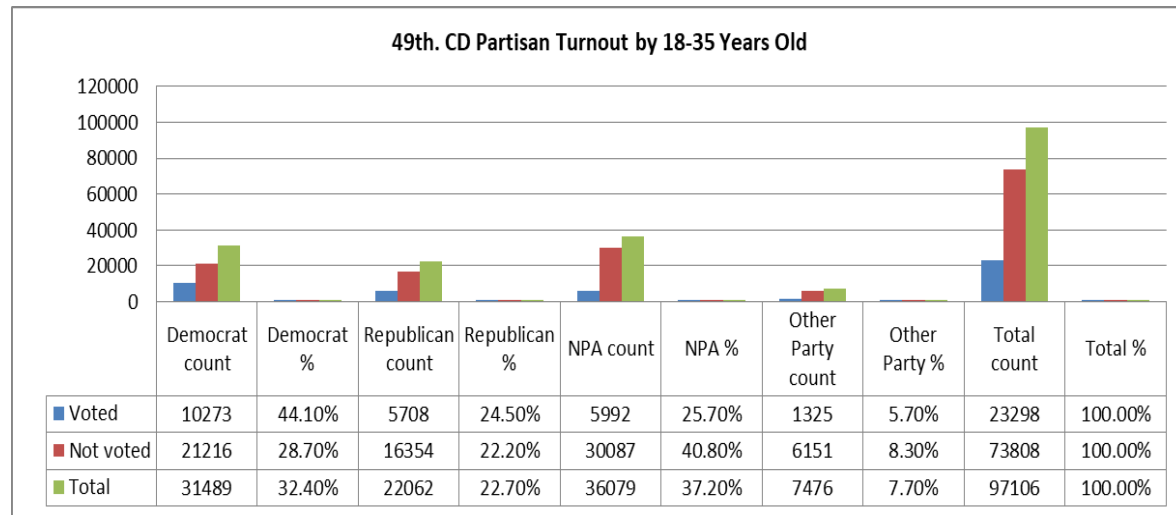
However, we see that turnout of each group varies significantly when the groups are compared to within their group. The 18-34 turnout was 24% within its group, the 36-49 turnout was 37.8% within its group, the 50-64 turnout was 54.7% within its group, and the over 65 was a 72.3% within its group. Even though the groups are relatively equal numerically, they differ significantly when they vote.

49th Congressional District

In the 18-35 age-group Democratic turnouts (44.1%) outperformed second place NPA's, (25.7%), and third place Republicans (25.4%) in the 18-35 age-group.

The NPA's registration (37.2%) leads second place Democratic, (32.4%), and third place Republican (22.7%)

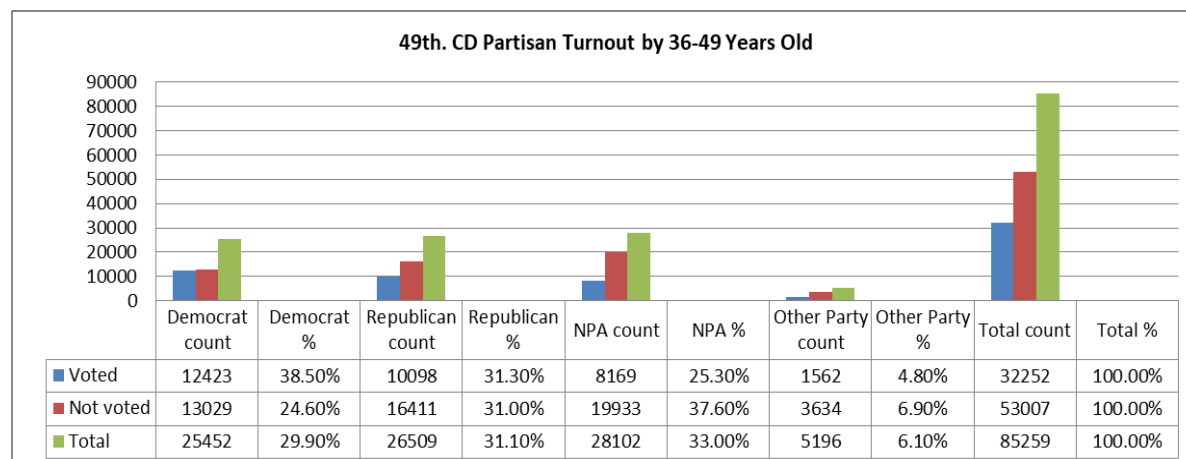
Additionally, total turnout shows that only 23,298 voted, and 73,808 did not vote.



In the 36-49 age-group Democratic turnout (38.5%) outperformed second place Republican, (31.3%), and third place NPA's (25.3%).

Again, the NPA's registration (33%) leads second place Republican, (31.1%), and third place Democratic (29.9%)

Additionally, total turnout shows that only 32,252 voted, and 53,007 did not vote.

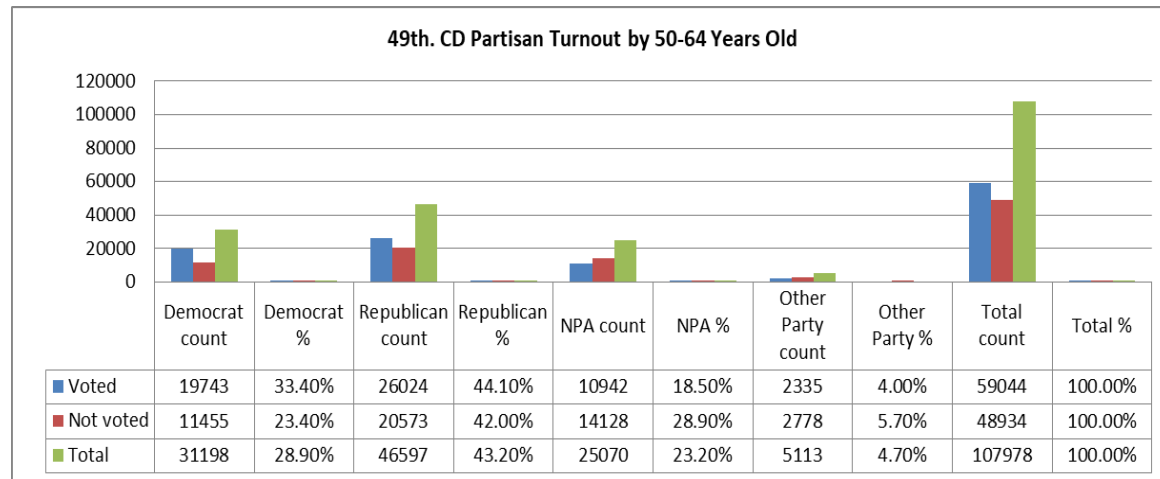


49th Congressional District

In the 50-64 age-group Republican turnout (44.1%) outperformed second place Democratic, (33.4%), and third place NPA's (18.5%).

Here, the Republican registration (43.2%) leads second place Democratic, (28.9%), and third place NPA's (23.3%)

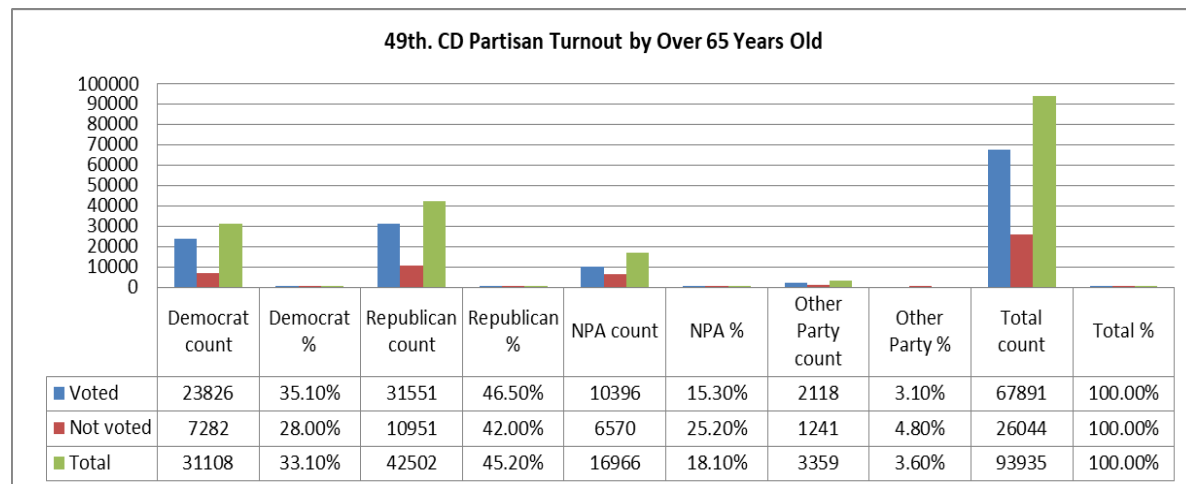
Additionally, Turnout shows that only 59,044 voted, and 48,934 did not vote.



In the over 65 age-group Republican turnout (46.5%) outperformed second place Democratic, (35.1%), and third place NPA's (15.3%).

Here, the Republican registration (45.2%) leads second place Democratic, (33.1%), and third place NPA's (18.1%)

Additionally, Total turnout shows that only 67,891 voted, and 26,044 did not vote.

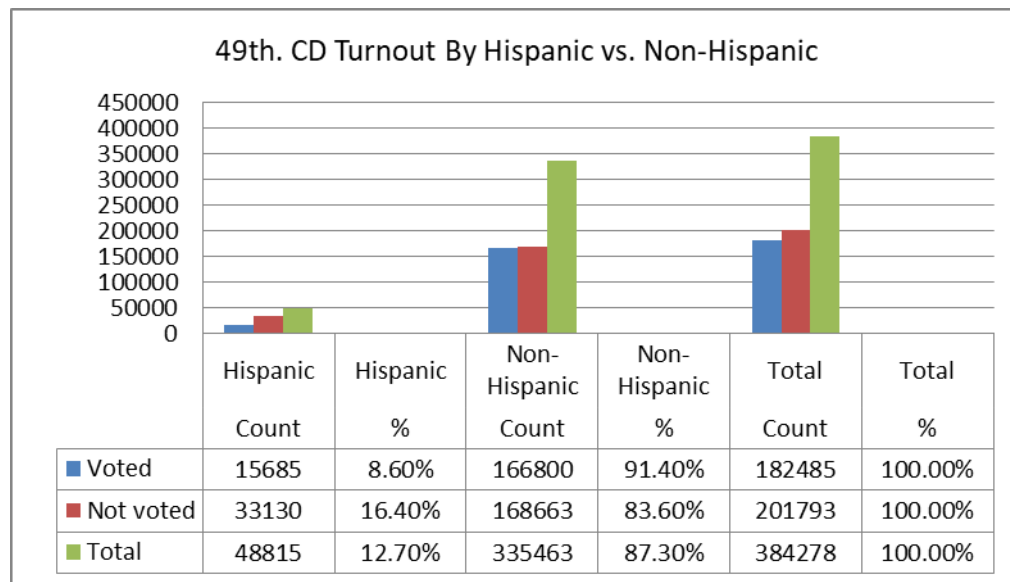


49th Congressional District

The Hispanic voter:

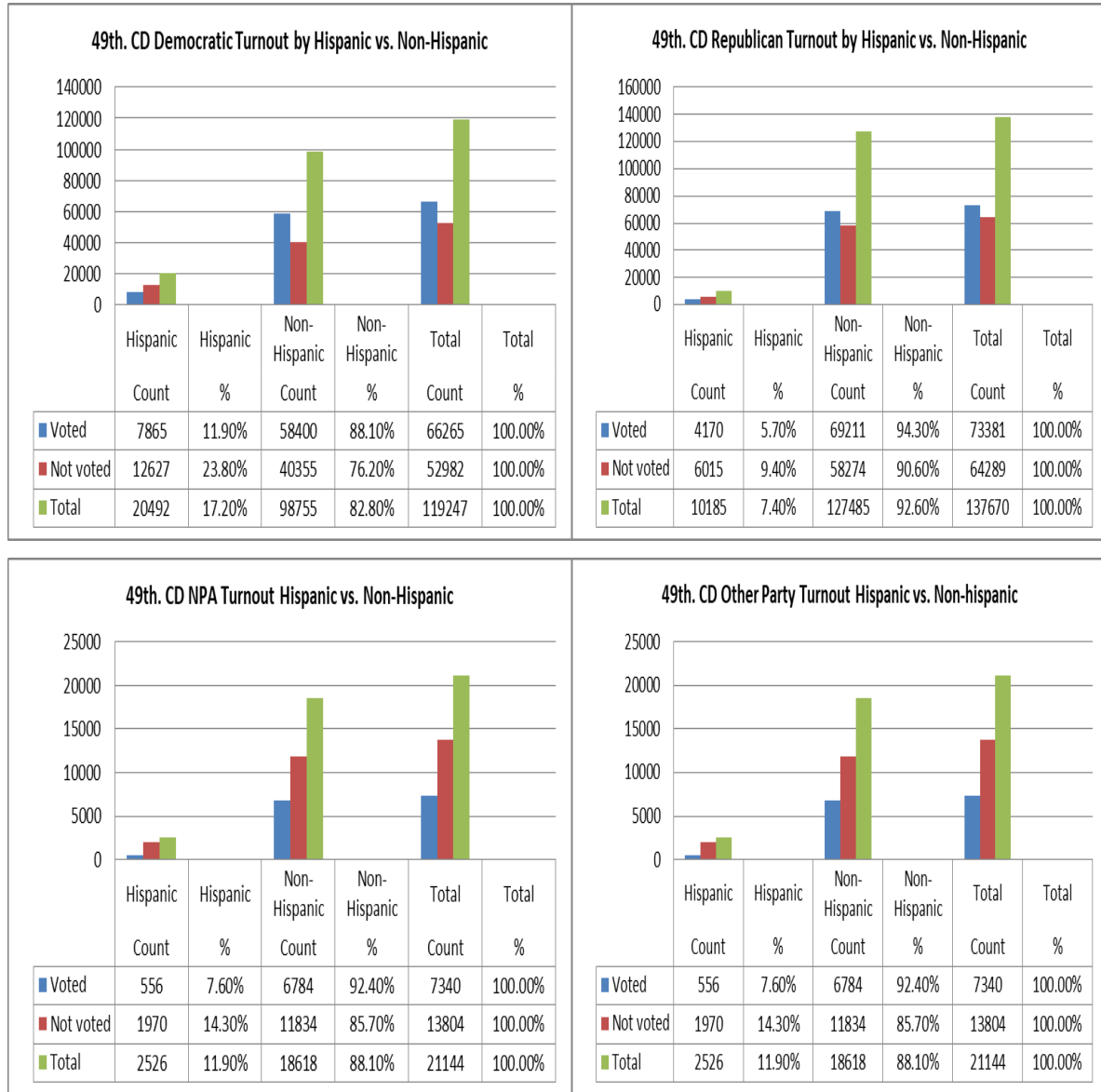
There are approximately, of 48,815 Hispanics,(12.7%), in the 49th district’s registered voter population. (Source: U.S. Census)

The turnout was 15,685 (8.6%) voting, and 33,130 (16.4%) not voting.



Of the Hispanics that voted, 7,865 were Democrats, greater than the other three categories combined, 4,170 were Republican, 556 were NPA’s, and 556 were registered with other parties. The Hispanic Democrats account for a total of 20,492 of the registered voters, with 12,627 not voting. The Hispanic Republicans account for a total of 10,185 of the registered voters, with 6,015 not voting.

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49th Congressional District

The Hispanic voter turnout for the age-group 18-35 was 15.1%, for the age-group 36-49 was 10.8%, for the 50-64 age-group it was 8.2%, and for the over 65 age-group, it was 5.7%.
Of note, the over 65 age-group had more people voting 3,846 than not voting 2,573

